Summit to be held in Damascus — Sharaa

BEIRUT (R) — Syrian Foreign Minister Farouq Al Sharaa said in an interview published Friday that a summit meeting of five Arab leaders concerned with the proposed Middle East peace conference would be held in Damascus soon. Interviewed in Washington by Bearut's Al Safir newspaper, Mr. Sharaa said the meeting would coordinate stands before the start of the U.S.-Soviet sponsored conference expected later this month. The foreign ministers of Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Jordan and Palesti-nian representatives would hold talks if the leaders failed to meet, he added, Mr. Sharaa said Syrian President Hafez Al Assad had discussed Arab coordination with his Egyptian counterpart Hosni Mubarak and King Hussein.

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Reshuffle — a triumph for Masri

'Cabinet to be more concrete, cohesive' after change

By Nermeen Murad Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The prime minister, Taher Masri, scored a major political triumph Thursday after winning a new mandate for his govermment by carrying out a reshuf-fle in which five new ministers were appointed to replace resigning cabinet members.

The limited reshuffle had been one of several options contemplated by the Jordanian leadership to avert a political crisis over the Kingdom's participation in Middle East peace talks.

Among the other options envisaged was the appointment of a new prime minister and government to prepare Jordan for the talks, which are expected to be held late this month.

During the past week, the fu-

hung in the balance as top-level consultations centred on whether "reorganising the Jordanian house" ahead of Arab-Israeh negotiations could be best done by replacing four ministers who had resigned from the cabinet or whether the situation required an altogether new administration headed by a new prime minister.

"The debate was not concluded until Thursday, when Mr. Masri was asked to stay on as prime minister and replace those ministers who wanted to step down (their number had by then risen to five as Foreign Minister Abdullah Ensour also expressed his wish to resign)," a well-informed source said.

"It was a tense week, but things should get better now since the new team should present a stronger front to face both the domestic and negotiations' challenges," the source added.

The reshuffle was quickly criticised by some Jordanian politicians as lacking in depth (since the 18-member Constitution Bloc was not included in it as was widely expected or potentially problematical for the prime minister (since Dr. Ensour, who commands respect in the premier's own parliamentary bloc and in the House generally, should have been retained).

But a senior cabinet source dismissed the criticism by saying that the incorporation of the Constitution Bloc might have created more problems than it could have solved and that those ministers/ deputies who have left the cabinet will not necessarily

incorporating members of the Constitution Bloc into the cabinet this time around "it was decided that the time was not opportune turing along the traditional lines." Furthermore, the source continued, everybody in the Consitution Bloc, which is headed by Thoqan Hindawi, might have not been pleased by the appointment of one or more of his colleagues and not himself or others who are close to him. "It is not as if the Constitution Bloc is as organised and homogeneous as the Muslim Brotherhood group," the ex-

however, maintained that Mr.



Two ex-ministers, three new faces in reshuffled cabinet

Thursday was the first in the cabinet of Prime Minister Taher Masri since it was formed June 19 -- 106 days ago. Of the new ministers, two have

Foreign Minister Kamal Abu Jaber has served as minister Kamal Abu Jaber has served as minister of the national economy in 1973. Minister of State for Prime Ministry Affairs Qaseem Obcidat served as labour minister in Minister in Product of the Prime Ministry Affairs (Paseem) Mudar Badran's cabinet, which left

The other three are appointed inisters for the first time. Three ministers who are deputies

Dr. Abdullah Ensour, Salim

Zoubi, and Mohammad Fares Al Tarawneh — resigned and one deputy
— Mr. Obeidat — was appointed

post of the Kingdom's general mufti, which was occupied by Sheikh Izzeddine Al Khatib, is now vacant. Sheikh reshuffle.

Mahmoud Sharif, chief editor of

Khatib was appointed as minister of awarf and Islamic affairs.

The post of Irbid mayor is also vacant after the appointment of Abdul Razzaq Tubeishat as minister of municipal and rural affairs and the

Dr. Ensour was appointed foreign minister while abroad in China in his capacity as deputy and resigned while also being abroad. Dr. Ensour is leading Jordan's delegation to the meetings of the U.N. General Assem-

same time, Dr. Karaki was min

the Arabic-language daily Al Dos-tour, became minister of information

official missions. Labour Minister Abdul Karim Dughmi is in Libya, Public Works and Housing Minister Saad Hayel Surour is in Turkey, and Health Minister Mandouh Abbadi is in Tunis. Mr. Dughmi returns home Saturday; Dr. Abbadi on Thursday

(Continued on page 5)











Five new ministers join Masri government

Masri's government in Thurs-day's reshuffle: -- Foreign Minister Dr. Kamel Abu Jaber

Dr. Abu Jaber was born at Yadoudeh on the outskirts of Annuan in 1932. He completed his secondary school education at the Bishop's School in Amman before travelling to the United States where he studied at Syracuse University in New York and obtained a bachelor degree in political science. In 1965 he obtained a doctorate degree in political science from the same university. He went to Princeton for post doctorate studies. Dr.

the profiles of the ministers who American universities, and in Obeidat Jordan before becoming minister of national economy in 1973. Dr. Abu Jaber returned to teaching at the University of Jordan in 1974 and became dean of the faculty of economy and administrative sciences. Later he was appointed as executive director of the Queen Alia Social Welfare Fund and then chairman of the World Affairs Council. He is a member of the Royal Society for the Conservation of Nature. Dr. Abu Jaber, has written many books, on political issues, is a prominent columnist who had written for many newspapers including the Jordan Times. He is married with two daughters.

AMMAN (J.T.) — Following are Abu Jaber taught at a number of Minister of State Dr. Queen

Born at Kufur Soum in 1935, Dr. Obeidat studied in Jordan and later obtained a bachelor degree in medicine from Yugoslavia and became a cardiologist. He won a seat in the Lower House of Parliament in the latest parliamentary election in 1989 representing the constituency of Ramtha in north Jordan. Dr. Obeidat served as minister of labour in the government of Prime Minister Mudar Badran.

Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Izzeddin Al Khatib Al

serving as the Kingdom's mufti. He has many works in Islamic

Born in Hebron on the occupied Dr. Tubeishat was born near

Minister of Municipal and Ru-

ral Affairs and the Environ-

ment Abdul Razzaq Tubeishat

(Continued on page 5)

West Bank in 1928, Sheikh Tami-mi studied in Hebron and then bachelor degree in medicine from a bachelor degree from Al Azhar tising medicine with the Jorda-University in Islamic law. He nian Armed Forces and later as then worked as a teacher and public health doctor for Irbid

Municipality for eight years. Lalater as director of the preaching department at the Ministry of ter he opened his own clinic in Awaaf and also undersecretary of Irbid and served as Irbid mayor the same ministry before being until his new appointment. appointed to the post of dean of Al Quds College. Before the Minister of Information reshuffle Mr. Tamimi had been Mahmond Al Sharif

Mahmond Al Sharif

Mr. Sharif was born in 1925 and obtained his bachelor degree in English literature from Cairo University in 1947. He later pursned his higher studies in media affairs in New York. Mr. Sharif

Bush: Prospects not firm for Israel plans more peace conference this month | settlements in Jerusalem

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — U.S. President George Bush said Friday that U.S. diplomatic efforts have not yet reached the point where Arab-Israeli peace talks can be staged this mouth.

"A lot depends on what happens in the next couple of weeks," Mr. Bush said at a White House news conference. He was responding to a report

from Paris that peace talks could begin this month.
Mr. Bush and Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev said in July they intended to issue invitations for a peace conference in Octo-

"There are no preparations in the sense of logistics for that, that I know of. No dates have been set. A lot depends on what happens in the next couple of weeks as to whether such a conference will take place at that time," Mr.

Bush said Friday. He was asked about a report quoting French Foreign Minister Roland Dumas as saying the peace conference would open at month's end somewhere in-

Enrope. "It sounded to me a little more firm then where we are right Mr. Bush said of that BOW."

A major stumbling block to a general conference among Israel,

various Arab states and Palestinians is a dispute over Palestinian. representation at such a parley. Secretary of State James Baker has made seven trips to the Mid-

* die East since the end of the Guif

war last March to lay the ground- of this month were good but work for such a conference. He is expected to return to the region

Another diversion has been a hitter conflict between the United States and Israel over Mr. Bush's determination to delay congressional consideration of an Israeli request for a \$10 billion loan guarantee until January. He fears it might become an impediment to the peace process because of potential Arab resentment.

Asked whether his position had harmed the peace process by making it appear he was taking sides against Israel, Mr. Bush denied it and defended his stand. "I think it (seeking the delay)

was the right thing to do," he said. "It's not prejudging or get. ting on one side or another of this ageless dispute." According to Mr. Dumas, in-

vitations to the peace conference signed by the United States and the Soviet Union would be sent by mid-October.

The European Community (EC)! would be represented at the conference by Luxembourg, the Netherlands and Portugal - the past, current and next bolders of the EC presidency. The EC is not involved in sponsoring the con-

Mr. Dumas said the vennewould be a European city - but.

Barlier Friday, Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir said the chances for convening a Middle East peace conference at the end obstacles remained.

"The prime minister assessed the chances for the opening meeting of direct negotiations at the end of the month as very good but there are still several problems such as composition of the Palestinian-Jordanian delega-tion," Mr. Shamir's office said in

According to the communique Mr. Shamir told the officials of the Agudat Israel Party that despite Israel's differences of views with Washington, "good relations would continue."

Mr. Shamir said Syria has objected to going along with Israel's idea of discussing "regional issues" before the case of the Golan is decided. But he gave no indication of whether this demand would delay the start of

Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak said the peace conference would be held at the end of this month.

Mr. Mubarak said it was still uncertain where the conference would be held.

Washington, Cairo and Geneva, Switzerland have been suggested, but Israel was reported to object to the Egyptian capital and the Soviets were said to be against Washington.

"The Middle East peace conference will be held toward the end of October," Mr. Mubarak told newspaper editors Friday on a flight home from a two-day visit. to Saudi Arabia.

build more than 4,000 homes for lews in the heart of Arab East Jerusalem as part of a secret master plan for the Eastern sector of the city, an Israeli newspaper said Friday. The weekly Kol Ha'ir said it

obtained details of the plan that the ministry is devising through a Jewish settler group, Ateret Cohanim. The newspaper ran a map with the planned construction sites on its front page. Housing ministry spokesman Shaya Segal said in a statement

released through his office that "our ministry doesn't know about such a programme." He was not available for questions. But Oman Ÿekutieli, a liberal

city council member, said he warned last month that Housing Minister Ariel Sharon and Ateret Cohanim were working on a massive construction plan for East Jenisalem.

The Kol Ha'ir report comes at a time when the United States is trying to bring Israel, the Palestimians and Arab states to a peace conference in which the future of Jerusalem would be a key issue. Israel media also reported the

government plans to build three new settlements in the occupied West Bank, Gaza Strip and Golan Heights as the United States is trying to convince Israel to halt such settlement building. Hanna Siniora, a leading Palestinian from Jerusalem, re-

sponding to the Kol Ha'ir report,

said that "it is clear evidence that

the Israeli government is working

dv Kollek, said in a statement Friday that such widespread construction in the Arab sector would "sabotage our ability to win the world's recognition of Jerusalem as the capital of

In the past, Mr. Kollek bas objected to settling Jews in Arab areas of Jerusalem." Mr. Kollek's spokeswoman Bonnie Boxer said the mayor has not seen Mr. Sharon's master plan, nor was it discussed by the city council.

Mr. Yekutieli said he had

warned Mr. Kollek of Mr. Sharon's plan last month. "I didn't have the documents at the time, and Mr. Kollek's response was that the city has hardly any influence over this anyway," he said.

Ateret Cohanim and other settler groups want to increase the Jewish presence in Arab areas of the ancient walled city of Jeru-Historically, there was an un-

written understanding which barred Arabs from living in the Jewish quarter and Jews from Arab neighbourhoods.

Israel has settled some 120,000 Jews in and around Arab East Jerusalem, including some 4,000 people in the renovated Jewish quarter of the Old City.

Ateret Cohanim members m Jerusalem's Old City have also seized an Arab-owned house next to the Al Aqsa Mosque - Islam's third holiest shrine, Palestinians

(Continued on page 5)

Accord with IMF to be announced today

AMMAN (J.T.) - The government is expected to announce Saturday an agreement with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) involving a series of austerity measures aimed at reducing the fiscal budget deficit and clearing the way for the economic pered by the Gulf crisis.

The envisaged measures are believed to include hikes in several areas, including fuel prices and long-distance telephone charges.

The measures were recommended by a delegation representing the IMF which, along with a team of World Bank representatives, held talks with Jordanian officials over the past three weeks.

The recommendations also include removal of subsidies on foodstuff, municipal water and several other areas as well as an increase in cost of services such as power supply and various measures to reduce government expenditure.

The government and the visiting delegation have concluded what was described as "a memorandum of understanding" or a "letter of intent" and Finance Minister Basel Jardaneh is expected to announce it Saturday, sources

The Kingdom needs an IMF agreement to reopen talks with the Paris Club of official creditors on rescheduling its share of its \$8 billion foreign debt and cutting interest payments. Agreement must be

approved by the government and the IMF board of directors before a final agreement aimed for by the end of the A diplomat told Reuters Jordanian officials had been

forced to deal with issues they believed had been taken off the agenda because of the devastating effect of the Gulf Food subsidies this year have been estimated to cost

of it spent on bread. A government study estimates that the influx of returnces from the Gulf will cost it an extra \$4.5 billion over the next five years.

about JD72 million, about half

The government estimated its 1991 budget deficit at JD357 million dinars and is now finalising a 1992 budget which is expected to show a deficit increase.

Washington, which recently agreed to resume about \$50 million a year of aid to Jordan frozen during the Gulf war, has agreed to push for favour-able rescheduling terms from the Paris Club, diplomats quoted by Reuters said.

Jordan, PLO discuss peace parley team

By Lamis K. Andoni Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Jordan and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) have started talks over the formation of a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation to the Middle East conference which is supposed to convene late this month, according to Jorda-

nian and Palestinian sources. The sources, however, said that the two sides are still trying to reach agreement or common understanding regarding the

The talks, which started on Thursday night, followed a decision by the Palestine National Council (PNC) to authorise Palestinian participation in the peace process and a limited reshuffle in the cabinet of Prime

Minister Taher Masri. According to the PNC declara-tion, the PLO leadership will give its final decision on Palestinian participation at the suggested conference in the light of "objectives" that have to be achieved prior to the convening of the

pariev. PLO officials have repeatedly said that the organisation accepts the formation of a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation provided the terms of Palestinian participation were viewed as

On Friday Palestinian officials told the Jordan Times that the organisation was hoping that Jor-

dan would agree to the terms for. Palestinian participation as outlined by the PNC.

The PNC has demanded that the PLO appoint the Palestinian delegates and determined the Palestinian negotiating position throughout the peace talks. Jordan's new foreign minister, Dr.

Thursday, told the Jordan Times that the PLO delegation presented a briefing on the outcome of the PNC meeting and discussed various issues related to the peace process but did

New Information Minister named Thursday and attended the meetings with the PLO team, said that in addition to outlining the results of the PNC meeting the PLO delegation had also discussed "the shape of the political solution" hoped to be achieved through the proposed

Another senior source said the and the Palestinian side made major

progress."
But, added the source, "there are issues that have to be settled between the PLO and the U.S. administration and therefore some issues have to wait until Washington and the PLO sort out the outstanding topics." Jordan has said on different occa-

sions that it would accept the PLO choice and that Jordan would not talk on behalf of the Palestinians at the Dr. Abu Jaber stressed that Jordan was keen on ensuring the participa-tion of all of the major parties in-

volved at the peace parley. "Jordan's position towards the peace process is positive. (It) is based (Continued on page 5)

'U.N. team has proof of Iraqi nuclear arms'

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — A senior United Nations envoy said Friday a fact-finding mission which was blocked in a Baghdad car park for four days had uncovered proof that Iraq was developing nuclear arms. Rolf Ekeus, chairman of a

scrapping Iraq's weapons of mass destruction, was speaking after arriving in Baghdad for two days of talks with Iraqi authorities on the findings of the mission. "It appears clear there will be

U.N. commission charged with

proof that Iraq had a nuclear weapons development programme going," Mr. Ekcus told repor-Mr. Ekeus said analysis of the

group's findings would "take a long time," but a preliminary report was to be sent to Vienna, base of the International Atomic Energy Authority (IAEA), and U.N. headquarters, Friday.

Iraq has so far dehied developing nuclear weapons and says that its research was for peaceful pur-

Mr. Ekens said he was hoping for an Iraqi admission that it was working on a nuclear arms programme but he did not know if he would be meeting President Saddem Hussein.

Iraqi authorities refused to let the U.N. team leave the car

park with documents and videos it had seized until the Security Council worked out a compromise under which the paperwork and photos were catalogued. In London, the Financial Times newspaper quoted U.N.

sources as saying Iraq was only 18

months away from developing a

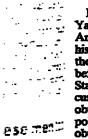
nuclear weapon. It also quoted an unmanned U.N. official as saying the documents collected in Iraq contained "the names of just about every European and U.S. electronics

and engineering company."
"The walls of the rooms in Iraq's atomic energy headquarters were lined with glossy brochures from the lot of them, the official said.

Mr. Ekens denied reports in the Iraqi media that the head of the U.N. nuclear weapons inspection team, David Kay, had been rebuked by Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar for send-

ing his findings to the U.S. State Department in Washington. "Mr. Kay was leader of the team which carried out important and professional work. No rebuke has happened," he said. Iraq has branded Mr. Kay an American spy and the media has carried several attacks on him

Continued on page 5)



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MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

Bahrain says dispute application postponed BAHRAIN (R) - Bahrain said Friday the International Court of

Justice in the Hague had postponed until next year consideration of

an application by Qatar on the long-running territorial dispute

between the two Gulf states. "At a hearing with the president of the International Court of Justice on Oct. 2 in the Hague, it was

agreed that the matter of the court's jurisdiction to consider the

umilateral application by the State of Qatar should be dealt with

during the coming year," a Foreign Ministry statement said. Gu

officials said the court planned to delay consideration of the Qatari

application — made on July 8 — for about six months. This would

give Qatar time to reconsider and submit a joint application with Bahrain in line with normal procedures. Bahrain has called for

both sides to agree on an application with the help of Saudi mediation. Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal went to

Qatar and Bahrain last week in an effort to put an end to a

tit-for-tat series of provocations and accusations. King Fahd also

signalled during a cabinet meeting Monday that he opposed further

escalation in the dispute which centres on a cluster of small but

potentially oil and gas-rich islands, reefs and sandbars. Riyadh has

been mediating since 1986, when helicopter-borne Qatari troops

landed on a disputed reef between the two states and arrested 2

foreign workers building a coastgaurd station for Bahrain.

Kuwait's no-expulsion pledge could mean little

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — A recent Kuwaiti pledge to a United Nations agency that the emirate would not carry out a summary expulsion of Palestinians remaining there could be meaningless if the expatriates were not be allowed to work there. according to highly informed sources.

Efforts are under way to ensure that the expatriates will not face a de facto expuision as a result of difficult living conditions, unemployment and denial of access to education in Kuwait for their children, the sources said.

"What is the meaning of the pledge if the expatriates are not given jobs and are discriminated against and their children not allowed to enrol in schools?" asked a senior source.

The Kuwaiti promise was given to Ilter Turkmen, head of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UN-RWA) for Palestine refugees, who visited the emirate in mid-September.

Mr. Turkmen was quoted as saying after talks with Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah Al Sabah, the Kuwaiti crown prince and prime minister, that "the Kuwaiti government realises that the Palestinians have nowhere to go. They will not be forced to leave. This has been clearly pointed out."

While Mr. Turkmen was also assured that "there will be no limitations on the employment of Palestinians in the private sector in Kuwait, the actual situation is totally

different," said the source. "Apparently, the Kuwaiti interpretation of the pledge of non-expulsion does not include any undertaking that the employment contracts of the Palestinians will be renewed and they will be given work permits," said the

Furthermore, added the

source who preferred anonymity, there is no indication that the Kuwaiti authorities would allow the children of the expatriates to enrol in schools in the emirate.

"The only commitment made by the Kuwaitis is that they will not expel the expatriates when the temporary residence permits granted to them expire in mid-November," the source said.

Expatriate sources said the Kuwaiti government had asked most expatriates, regardiess of nationality, to provide fresh information to the emirate's immigration authorities so that their work and residence permits could be streamlined. Palestinians have also been asked to furnish the details, but the move could mean very little since most of them are unemployed and could not produce documents from Kuwaiti 'sponsors.'

Under a series of new measures adopted by the Kuwaiti government, all expatriates whose visas were granted after July 25 must leave the emirate and can return on new permits. Defaulters face a fine of 10 Kuwaiti dinars per day of "overstav."

Those possessing visas issued between Feb. 26 and July 25 will be immediately granted residence permits.

The Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs has taken over the process of granting residence permits to private sector employees from the immigration department, but has not actually started issuing the documents.

Immediately after the liberation of the emirate in February following a seven-month Iraqi occupation, the Kuwaiti government issued temporary six-month residence permits to expatriates who remained there during the crisis. However, hundreds of thousands of Palestinian and Jordanian expatriates were forced to leave the emirate in the face of arbitrary Kuwaiti measures.
While most expatriates targeted by the Kuwaitis have somewhere to return, Gazans holding Egyptian travel documents have nowhere to go since the Egyptian government is applying a policy of selective honouring of their papers and other countries do

not accept them at all. "The Egyptian government has requested the Kuwaiti authorities allow the Gazans to continue to work in the emirate," said another source. "The Kuwaiti government has not made a definite commitment yet, but has said it might consider individual cases," according to the source, who also re-

quested anonymity. The Kuwaiti moves against Palestinians and Jordanians as well as Sudanese and Yemenis come in retaliation for what the Kuwaitis perceive as pro-Iraqi stand of these expatriates and their governments

Hundreds of thousands of Jordanians and Palestinians bave already left Kuwait. Some of them left during the Gulf crisis and the subsequent war while others were expelled by the Kuwaitis, who subjected them to torture, arbitrary detention and constant humiliation. Many others opted to leave in the face of termination of contracts and denial of admission for their children in Kuwaiti

Hundreds of others have been killed and buried in mass graves in Kuwait, according to independent hu-

man rights organisations."
While the inflow of expatriates from Kuwait aboard chartered flights to Amman has ebbed, there is a steady trickle across the border through Iraq.

"There appears to be little perceptible change in the de facto Kuwaiti policy of expulsion." said a senior official at an international relief agency in Amman.

U.S. wants **Zionism** resolution repealed this year

UNITED NATIONS (AP) -Assistant Secretary of State John Bolton told Jewish leaders Thursday that the U.S. government will press for repeal of the U.N. resolution equating Zionism with racism by the end of the year, Jewish groups reported.

Mr. Bolton, who oversees international organisation affairs. said in a speech that there has been an "outpouring of support" in the General Assembly to repudiate the 1975 resolution which Israel asserts is a stain on the credibility of the United Nations.

"He told us the intention is to repeal the resolution by December," said Elan Steinberg, executive director of the the World Jewish Congress. Mr. Bolton addressed a meeting of the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish organisations.

"It is our intention to do so at this session," Mr. Bolton was quoted as saying in a press release by the conference.

In his speech on Sept. 23 President George Bush called on the General Assembly to repeal re-solution which calls Zionism, the movement to build a Jewish homeland, a kind of racism which, like apartheid, dehumanises people.

According to the statement by the conference, Mr.Bolton said there is no fixed schedule for the move to repeal and said procedural and tactical questions must be resolved first.

The speech was closed to reporters, Mr. Bolton could not be reached for comment and the State Department had no immediate reaction to reports from Jewish groups.

The resolution was adopted Nov. 10, 1975, by a vote of 72 to 35, with 32 abstentions in the then 142-member assembly.

Mr. Steinberg said that today there would be a comfortable majority, at least 84 votes, in the 166-nation assembly to repudiate the measure. Virtually all former Communist nations which voted for the resolution in 1975 have stated publicly or privately that they now oppose it. Soviet Foreign Minister Boris Pankin called for repeal of the measure, which he called a "legacy of the past." Many Latin American coun-

tries which had voted for the measure, like Brazil and Mexico, now oppose it, Mr. Steinberg in their assembly speeches. Brazil, he said, agreed to cosponsor the resolution for repeal, along with Poland, which also sup-

ported it in 1975, he said. However, Egypt and other Arab states are opposed to raising the issue before a Mideast peace conference begins this fall and some Arab diplomats say the resolution should stand until there is a comprehensive Mideast peace settlement. Arab diplomats said that Egypt, Syria, Jordan and Lebanon agreed that they should postpone any efforts to revive the issue.

Egyptian Foreign Minister Amr Musa privately told his Israeli counterpart, David Levy, Thursday that Egypt now thinks the old resolution is wrong and misguided. Israeli diplomats said. He said it could be reconsidered later, perhaps in two or three, months after a conference is underway, the Israeli diplomats told reporters.

But Mr. Musa has declined to say publicly whether he supports repeal and said only that the issue should not be raised at this time because a divisive, volatile debate could taint the atmosphere before a Mideast peace conference this

Morocco: Guerrillas must disarm before Sahara vote

RABAT (R) - Moroccan Interior Minister Driss Basri has said Polisario guerrillas can return to Western Sahara to vote in a United Nations referendum but must leave their arms outside the territory.

In a statement in Lazyoun, the main town in the former Spanish colony, he said Morocco "is ready to welcome its sons from the Tindouf camps to take part in the referendum," the official news agency MAP reported Pri-

Polisario guerrillas have their main rear bases in the Algerian oasis town of Tindouf where they say there are also over 141,000 refugees from Western Sahara.

"Those who wish to return to take part in the referendum must down their arms outside Morocco's frontiers," Mr. Basri said at a meeting in Laayoun attended by seven cabinet minis-

MAP said the ministers went to Laayoun Thursday on instructions from King Hassan to "prepare the referendum... and wel-

VATICAN CITY (R) - Pope

John Paul's top diplomat has

bluntly laid down the Vatican's

conditions for establishing di-

plomatic relations with Israel.

newspaper, Cardinal Angelo Sodano, the Vatican's secretary

of state, also said the current

state of relations was preventing a

visit by Pope John Paul to the

Cardinal Sodano said the Vati-

can wanted a just solution to the

Palestinian issue, international

protection for Jerusalem as a city

sacred to the three great

monotheistic religions, and

guarantees for holy places else-

The section of the interview

dedicated to Israel was one of

the most comprehensive and de-

tailed statements to date of the

Vatican's position on the Jewish

Cardinal Sodano said Jeru-

salem, which Israel calims as its

"united and eternal capital,"

needed an "internationally

guaranteed statute" protecting it-

as a unique city of peace revered by Christians, Muslims and Jews.

Holy Land.

where in Israel.

In an interview with a German

Vatican lists terms for

recognition of Israel

come Saharan citizens from all parts of the kingdom who have come to rejoin their brethren."

The agency did not say how many Saharans had moved into the territory from Morocco. The overnment has said there are 120,000 Saharan refugees in Morocco eligible to vote in the referendum.

According to the Polisario in statements published in Algeria. Morocco moved 30,000 people into the territory recently in an attempt to pad out the electoral

After proclaiming a ceasefire on Sept. 6, the United Nations plans a referendum early next year to let the people will choose either independence as demanded by Polisario or union with Morocco which controls most of the territory.

Diplomats said Morocco had told the U.N. peace-keeping mission it was prepared to send all the refugees into the territory to facilitate the task of the identification commission entrusted with drawing up a list of voters.

Israel has rejected such posi-

"The Holy See sees these prob-

lems as difficulties (blocking) the

start of diplomatic relations with

the state of Israel," Cardinal

Sodano said in the interview with

He said the Vatican hoped the

obstacles could be overcome or

that Israel would show a willing-

ness to begin what he called "a

concrete process for their solut-

"Obviously, the state of things

does not facilitate, for now, the

scheduling of a visit by the Pope

Jews have often urged the Pope

to establish diplomatic relations

between the Vatican and Israel

and to visit the Jewish state. The

Pope has said he wants to visit the

Holy Land to pray for Middle

East peace together with Jews

The Vatican recognises Israel's

right to exist within secure bor-

ders but wants solutions to the

problems Cardinal Sodano listed before establishing diplomatic

to the Holy Land," he said.

tions in the past.

'Tehran told embassies to destroy files' LONDON (R) — An Iranian opposition newspaper said Thursday that Iran had ordered its embassies, consulates, banks and airline

offices abroad to destroy any files on Iranian opposition members that could prove compromising. The weekly Kayhan of London published by Iranian exiles, said the order came from President Al Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani. The newspaper said the move followed the arrest in Paris of Iran Air's head of security there in connection with the murder of former Iranian Prime Minister Shapour Bakhtiar. Comment from the Iranian embassy in Londa could not immediately be obtained and an employee at Iran An-London office said: "This is the first I've beard of it." Kayhan said a number of diplomatic missions, banks and airline offices had been used as espionage centres often run by members of Iran's secret service. It said the circular ordered the "immed destruction of all compromising documents particularly those dealing with the activities of Iranians abroad." French police arrested the Iranian airline employee, who was not identified Wednesday for questioning in connection with the Aug. 8 marder of Mr. Bakhtiar at his home in Paris. Mr. Bakhtiar, condemned to death by Iran after its 1979 revolution, was found with his throat slit. French investigators say they suspect the killing was ordered by Iranian authorities but Tehran has denied this.

Former minister acquitted in Sudan trial

KHARTOUM (R) — A politician and an army officer have been acquitted for lack of evidence in a Sudan treason trial, state-run television reported. They were the first verdicts announced from the trial which began last month. The defendants, accused of an August plot to overthrow the ruling junta, include civilians and a least six active or retired officers. The number has not been announced. Figures published abroad range from 15 to 70. The acquitted politician was Dr. Ahmad Bilal, minister of state for health in the government which Lieutenant-General Omar Hassar Al Bashir's junta overthrew in 1989. The officer released was not named in the television report, broadcast Thursday night.

Mitsotakis to attend funeral in Turkey

ANKARA (R) — Greek Prime Minister Constantine Mitsotakis will travel to Turkey Tuesday to attend the funeral of Ecumenical Patriarch Dimitrios, a Greek embassy official said. The one-day stay in Istanbul could produce a meeting with Turkish leaders to discuss bilateral relations and the problem of Cyprus, the official added. "The Greek side believes it is possible for Prime Minister Mitsotakis to meet President Turgut Ozal or Prime Minister Mesur Yilmaz if either leader is in Istanbul then," he said. "The meeting will be welcome for the Greek side." A Turkish Foreign Ministry source said they had received no formal information on the Greek leader's visit but a meeting with Mr. Mitsotakis could be possible. Patriarch Dimitrios, 77 and the spiritual leader of the world's 250 million Greek Orthodox Christians, died Wednesday of heart failure. Neither Mr. Ozal nor Mr. Yilmaz will attend the funeral Turkey will be represented by the governor of Istanbul, its larges city.

France negotiating for use of Kuwaiti bases

PARIS (R) — France, a key player in the Gulf war, is discussing a defence cooperation accord with Knwait that would enable it is stock arms and use military bases in the Gulf state, according to the Kuwaiti ambassador to Paris. Ambassador Tarek Razouqi said the proposal to give France use of facilities in Kuwait was similar in accords already reached with Washington and under discussion with Britain. "These three countries have presented their wish in participate in the security of Kuwait and the region in case of danger," he told reporters. "France is studying a proposal in the direction. I think it will give them the same access as the first to success the first Americans. The United States was the first to suggest this and was accepted willingly by Kuwait. Then the other (Western allies) raised it and Kuwait welcomed the idea with joy." He said Western troops would help train the Kuwaiti armed forces and could stored arms and use two air bases and a naval base. No Western treoper would be permanently based in Kuwait. Mr. Razouqi said Kuwaik sought three levels of security — a joint armed force of the six Grif Cooperation Council (GCC) states based near the Saudi and Kuwaiti borders with Iraq, as mutual defence pact among GCC, Egypt and Syria, and a role for the Western allies.

French families demand compensation

ruined by the Gulf war, asked President Francois Mitterrand.
Thursday to press the emirate's visiting leader for compensation.
Their lawyer Yves-Eric Massiani said Kuwait had failed to honors, a pledge to compensate the 300 French citizens, who are asking for 45 million francs (\$8.5 million) for property lost or damaged during the crisis. Kuwait's Emir Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah was due to meet Mr. Mitterrand Friday on his first visit to France since the Gulf crisis. "Kuwait

Soviets lift key Afghan hurdle

UNITED NATIONS (R) - The on Afghanistan," said one U.N. Soviet Union has apparently dropped its insistence that Presiullah of Afgi be part of any transition government before elections are organised, according to diplomats.

But they cautioned that Moscow is not sacrificing its protege unconditionally or preparing forhis exile.

"They want stability on their borders and they don't want extremists running the government," one envoy said. "They will accept almost any

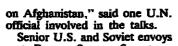
type of government as long as it is eaceful and does not complicate their political life even more." Soviet officials would say only that they would support a government acceptable to the Afghan

One Soviet source told Reuters Mr.Najibullah was not about to disappear into a dacha in the

"He is a reality and a lot of people in the Kabul government have some sound ideas in their mind on how to solve this crisis. the source said.

U.N. officials said they were increasing the momentum on negotiations to solve Afghanistan's 13-year-old civil war with a variety of meetings that include the rebel Mujahedeen.

"This flurry of activity is because we think it is time to move



i Benon Sevan, i General Javier Perez de Cuellar's point man on Afghanistan, Thursday and a Mujahedeen delegation was meeting the secretary-general and Mr. Sevan

Soviet Foreign Minister Boris Pankin shortly before he left New York Tuesday discussed various scenarios with Mujahedeen guerrilla groups, including the fate of Soviet prisoners of war.

In 1979, the Soviet Union sent tens of thousands of soldiers to Afghanistan to prop up a leftist government sympathetic to Moscow. It withdrew its forces 10 years later after 13,000 Soviet servicemen lost their lives.

A Mujahedeen delegation expects to go to Moscow later this month to continue the discussions. The badly-fragmented Afghan opposition has insisted that Mr. Najibullah must leave his post before the civil war can

In Islamabad, rebel sources said Mr.Pankin proposed that Prime Minister Fazal Haq Khaliqyar stay in a transition government in Kabul while the Mujahedeen took over the presidency or former King Zahir Shah returned from exile in Rome.



But diplomats denied this was a

August swept away many of the hardliners who had sustained Mr. Najibullah with almost unlimited amounts of fuel, food and

Then last month Moscow and Washington agreed to cut off all weapons supplies to the warring sides by Jan. 1, injecting new urgency into the peace process.

proposal under discussion.

The failed coup in Moscow in

U.S. Jews turning hawkish in support of Israel — poll NEW YORK (R) - American Jews have become more hawkish in their support of Israel in the aftermath of the Gulf war and Iraq's missile attacks on Israel. according to an opinion poll released Thursday. "We have strong evidence of a shift to a more hardline stance, if

you will, of a more hawkish stance... away from a conciliatory position," said Steven Cohen. a professor at New York's City College who conducts the poll for the American Jewish Committee. Mr. Cohen told a news confer-

ence that results of the poll, compared with a similar one taken in 1989, showed that U.S. Jews had a "heightened sense of the peril in which Israel stands." The new poll, conducted on the

asis of a questionnaire sent to 1,159 Jews across the United States, showed a hardening both of the Jewish position on the Palestinian question and of its perceptions of Arab intentions. It also showed increasing support for Jewish settlements in the

occupied West Bank. But U.S. Jews appeared still to be open to accommodating those Arabs not seen as a threat to Israel and negotiating with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) provided it radically changed its policies.

Eighty-three per cent of those responding to the questionnaire said the PLO was determined to destroy Israel. But 51 per cent said that if the PLO recognised Israel's right to exist, ceased "all acts of terror" and engineered an end to the intifada, negotiations should be conducted with the

Sixty-seven per cent of respondents said the Gulf war had reinforced the notion that "Israel must hold on to the West Bank to provide Israel with strategic depth against Arab attack. Eleven per cent disagreed.

Forty-five per cent of those

polled said Israel should reject

the principle of "trading land for peace." Twenty-seven per cent Fifty-four per cent, versus 13

per cent, agreed that "since Jor-dan is already a Palestinian state, there is no need for another Palestinian state.' On the issue of Israeli "sovereignty" over Jerusalem. 80

per cent of those polled said that as part of a peace settlement, "united Jerusalem" should remain under Israel's control as its

PARIS (R) — Sixty-eight French families, claiming they were

JORDAN TELEVISION

| | SKAMME TWO |
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| | Le Chevalier de Labyriothe |
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| 19:15 | Documentary |
| 19:30 | News in Hebrew |
| 20:08 | News in Arabic |
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| | Classical Music |
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| 22:00 | News in English |
| 22:20 | Feature film |
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| | PRAYER TIMES |

CHURCHES Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590.

De la Salle Church Tel. 661757

anta Church Tel: 622366 h of the Annunciation Tel. Church Tel. 625383, Tel. Anglican 628543. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amman International Church Tel. 685326. Evangelical Latherau Church Tel: The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saluta Tel. 823824, 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel.675691.

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Depart-

Turkey affects the Kingdom Saturday. Therefore, a drop in ires will occur, clouds will increase gradually and there will be a chance for scattered showers of rain. Winds will be

outhwesterly fresh.

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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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| Dr. Faroug Hussein 786680 | |
| Dr. Issam Al Asmar 890504 | . 1 |
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| Al Asema pharmacy 637055 | 1 |
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QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT**

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, should always be verified. APPIVALS

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 85:29 Singapore, Kuala Lampur (RJ) 99:45 Abu Dhabi (RJ)

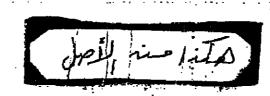
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| 11:19 Colombo (RI) | 21:00 |
| 11:15 Abu Dhabi, Doha (R.) | 21:15 |
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Abu Dhabi, Dubai Bahrain, Doine (R)



Soviet ship arrives at Aqaba after 6-day delay

By a Jordan Times

AMMAN — A Soviet freighter carrying military cargo for Jordan docked at Aqaba early Friday after a six-day delay involving an interception by the American-led naval task force monitoring the international sanctions against Iraq and subsequent clearance to proceed to the Red Sea port.

The Akademik Millionshekhov was blocked from entering the Gulf of Aqaba wa-ters Sunday by the American frigate USS Truett, but was cleared to continue its voyage to Aqaba Thursday.

First accounts of the interception said the Truett, one of the several warships patrolling the Red Sea to enforce the embargo on Iraq, ordered the Soviet freighter turned away when a boarding party found it was carrying "military cargo not listed in the manifest" and respected that the goods could be destined for Iraq.

But subsequent reports said the order came after it was found that documents related to the cargo were in Russian and the inspectors demanded that they be translated into

the second version of the incident and said the Millionshekhov was sailing from the Soviet port of Nikholayev.

It was not immediately known whether the demand for the documents to be translated to English was met, but informed sources confirmed that the clearance was given to the ship after "high-level" contacts between Jordan and the

Jordan turned to the Soviet Union to meet part of its defence needs after the U.S. Congress reversed a 28-yearold policy and turned down a major arms package for the Kingdom in 1986. Mohammad Smadi, head of

the Ports Corporation, said in a statement Thursday that the Millionshekhov was carrying "military equipment ordered by the Jordan Armed Forces' and was given clearance. o in k at Acaba.

1 Joseph News Agency, Petro, said Friday that the cargo was "defensive equipment sent by the Jordan Armed Forces to the Soviet Union for adjustments.'

It was the second time the Millionshekhov was intercepted by the enforcers of the sanctions against Iraq.

According to statistics re-leased by the U.S. navy, since the sanctions were imposed on Iraq on Aug. 6, 1990 — four days after the Iraqi invasion of Knwait — the naval task force have intercepted 11,705 merchant ships, boarded 2,348 and turned away 139 (the number of those "turned away" does not include those ordered to unload "suspect cargo" elsewhere in Red Sea ports)...

Expectations after the Gulf war that the blockade would be eased proved to be illfounded. A U.S. navy spokesman was recently quoted as saying that despite the end of

the war the number of inceptions has not decreased. If anything, the enforcement measures were tightened and the frequency of interceptions has gone up "simply because shippers are feeling more com-fortable with sailing to this part of the world while insurance rates are going down."

In the past three months alone, more than 1,700 ships were intercepted, 650 were boarded and at least 30 blocked from proceeding to Aqaba. The stringent enforcement of the blockade has caused

severe bardships for Jordanian businessmen who have been paying additional costs for ioment and industrialists whose productions schedules were thrown into disarray because of delays in getting raw

According to U.S. Coast Guard Captain Edmund Kiley, the coordinator of the interception force, "this is not an embargo against Jordan."

"But Jordan is the only transhipment point for goods going to or coming from Iraq that is open now," Capt. Kiley was quoted as saying.

Jordanian and American

officials are engaged in con-tacts aimed at easing the blockade to ensure that Jordanbound goods are not intercepted or diverted to other ports. But shipping sources and businessmen say that very little progress has actually been achieved in alleviating the difficulties they encounter in shipping through Aqaba despite American expressions of sympathy and understanding.

CPF holds charity walk

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Cerebral Palsy Foundation (CPF) will hold a charity walk on Oct. 11 in Am- palsy children in Jordan. Tires the number the patronage of Her Majesty Queen Noor, according to a CPF statement.

The walk will commence at 10 a.m. at the Amman Marriot Hotel. According to the statement the proceeds will be used to the Out of that number, only 4,500

for special education for cerebral

The CPF has been holding a number of activities over the past years in order to raise funds for an estimated 10.000 Jordanian children with cerebral palsy

children are being accorded assistance due to shortages in funds and facilities, CPF President Fakhri Bilbeisi said.

He said that the campaigns aim at raising funds from organisations, institutions and private citizens to extend help to the unfortunate children

Health minister intervenes in row between Islamic Hospital, Khasawneh

ter Mamdouh Al Abbadi has sent a memo to the IslamicHospital-Director Ali Hawamdeh, asking him to freeze a decision by the administration of the hospital dismissing Dr. Yousef Khasawneh from his work and preventing him from admitting any cases or conducting operations in the hospit-

The memo, dated Oct. 1, 1991, called on Dr. Hawamdeh to provide the minister with a detailed report on the hospital administration's reservations about Dr. Kha-

surgeon and member of the Lower House of Parliament, was dismissed of his duties at the hospital following a Friday sermon he delivered at the hospital's mosque. In his sermon, Dr. Khasawneh attacked the administrative systems in the Kingdom, includ-

ing that of the Islamic Hospital, according to reports in the press. Dr. Abbadi's memo, which was in reply to a complaint filed

sawneh's "technical and adminis-

trative practices which led the

Dr. Khasawneh, a renowned

hospital to take the decision.'

sawneh, was based on article 42 deh's reply. of the hospital's system No. 85 for the year 1980 and came in accord-

delin lite

ance with the regulations of the law which stipulate that no one should be punished unless proven guilty after the required investigation. It also followed a recommendation sent to the minister by the hospital's committee on Sept.

Jordan Medical Association (JMA) President Ishaq Maraqa has sent a memo to Dr. Abbadi containing Dr. Khasawneh's

Dr. Maraga said there was a conviction by the association's board that the hospital's decision and measures contained libel against Dr. Khasawneh. He asked the minister to investigate the issue and take the necessary measures, taking into account that "the association's files contain no complaints against Dr. Khasawneh in respect to practicing his profession.'

A letter sent by chairman of the Jordanian Surgical Society JMA.



said that any surgeon registered at and licensed by the JMA board has the right to admit his patients to any hospital and can be prevented from doing that only by a decision by the board of the

Ministry introduces civics, military training for students

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Ministry of Education has introduced civics and military education into government and private schools curricula and the courses will commence on Oct. 10, according to Minister of Education Eid

The minister made the announcement at a meeting with the directors of education in the various governorates, the commander of the People's Army and representatives of the Civil Defence and the Public Security Departments which will be involved in implementing the new

The programme, to be implemented for the first time in Jordan, is designed to create balanced personalities among the students of Jordanian schools, providing them with ample background about the country, its history, leadership and policies, the minister said at the meeting.

Dr. Dahiyat urged the directors of education in various areas to implement the new programme in its letter and spirit for its vital importance for children. He said that the programme

The minister was quoted by Al

dary class (11th grade) whose promotion to the second secondary class will depend on their passing the civics and military education examinations.

Those who take the courses and pass the examinations will be exempted from serving in the People's Army once they enter university or college, the minister pointed out.

At least 40,000 students will have to take the new nine-week courses in accordance with the new arrangements, with the male students taking their courses each Thursday as of Oct. 10, while the females starting their course in the second term of the current scholastic year.

Courses under the new programme include military training and lessons in history and geography as well as the Palestine question and Israel's threats, and special focus on the country's main problems like unemployment, water shortages, pollution and

Ra'i Arabic daily as saying that as of the coming 1992 summer holidays, the ministry will revive the Al Hussein summer camps that were abandoned in 1962. will be applied to male and

Council of Churches organises young people exchange visits

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Middle East Council of Churches (MECC) office in Amman has drawn up plans for exchanges of visits by young people from the Middle East on the one hand and other countries of the world on the other. Young Jordanians will be involved in the programme, according to a MECC statement.

The statement said that a group of 12 young community activists from Jordan, Syria, Turkey, Lebanon, Palestine and Egypt have just concluded a two weektrip to south India where they visited local communities in

Lotiam, Bagalor and Madras.
This is a pilot programme sponsored by the MECC's ecumenical travel office and one of its purposes is to provide opportunities to Christians from the Middle East to travel outside the region for contacts with other churches and people of other cultures, the

It said that the next step would be to carry out such programme on inter-faith basis.

"This was a very important side and to have an appreciation another people," said Muna

Mediati, a Syrian Orthodox from Damascus. She added that she also found she had much in com-

mon with the people she met.

visit these six countries sometime in 1992 to learn about the people and the countries in the Middle East. This visit will also be sponsored by MECC.

experience in my life, because I only understood the cultures and traditions of one place, Syria, and now I am beginning to look outof the challenges and traditions of

reverse trip of 12 Indians who will

MECC was heavily involved in the repatriation of the Asian and African evacuees in the fall of 1990. They are still involved in alleviating the sufferings of the Iraqi people by means of sup-plying them with material aid and medicines, as well as extending food aid and in cash assistance to hundreds of families among the

EC grants Jordan JD3.7 million for water resources research

AMMAN (J.T.) — An agreement granting Jordan 4 million ECU (JD 3.7 million) to investigate water resources in the Hammad and Sirban Basins was signed at the Ministry of Planning Thursday between Minister of Planning Dr. Ziad Fariz and the Head of the European Communities Delegation in Amman, Ambassador Christian D. Fal-

The grant financing of 4 million ECU will be provided from funds from the Third Financial Protocol to the EC-Jordan Cooperation Agreement signed in 1977.

The project will be executed. over a period of four years, and hensive hydrological survey of upper and medium level water areas and identification of exploitable water resources. The project will also include a drilling

With the signing of this agreement, the European Community has, under the Third Financial Protocol, provided grants totalling 10 million ECU for water resources investigations and studies and design of water infras-



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Jordan Times

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Putting the house in order

THE FIRST reshuffle in the cabinet of Prime Minister Taher Masri involving five portfolios aims first and foremost to end the paralysis that has afflicted the government ever since talk of an impending change started two weeks ago, but more importantly it is intended to consolidate cabinet ranks on the eve of the prospective peace talks on the Arab-Israeli conflict. It is an open secret that the Masri government had been a coalition of various political figures that sang different tunes not only vis-a-vis peace talks but also with regard to several domestic issues. The end result has been a futile attempt to reconcile the irreconcilable among the cabinet members who often gave vivid expression to such division by threatening to resign at every turn or juncture. So on the plus side of the ledger, the reshuffled government should no longer be a divided house unable to speak and think on one wavelength.

On the surface, the Masri cabinet has been somewhat weakened by the departure of three cabinet ministers who were also key members of the Lower House of Parliament. By having three votes less in any parliamentary showdown in the future, the government's strength will be decreased accordingly. The shakeup has also revealed that there is considerable internal bickering and divisions between the political parties that have joined the Masri government in the first place. With some members of the principal political parties in the government and others from the same party fighting it, the stage is set for some additional problems to arise. What can make the situation worse is that all these recent events are taking place at a time when Parliament is not in session. The elected representatives of the people are thus denied an opportunity to debate and reflect on the implications of the recent changes in the incumbent government.

On balance, however, the prime minister had no choice but to put his house in order in anticipation of the peace parley on the Middle East. There will be an occasion for parliament to deliberate the issue of war and peace at the end of the tunnel. No one is seriously entertaining the thought of ramming the results of the projected peace negotiations down the throat of the people or their elected representatives.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL RA'I daily voiced bitterness at the current moves in the United Nations designed to cancel a General Assembly resolution equating Zionism with racism. When the General Assembly took its decision, the U.N. member countries were convinced of the fact that Israel practices racism against the Arab population of Palestine which it occupies by force, said the paper. Therefore, cancelling or keeping this resolution does by no means remove the stigma from Israel, neither does a cancellation help brighten Israel's image before the world, the paper said. The paper said that is not suprising to see the United States, which continues to support Israel and condone its terrorist actions, spearheading efforts to cancel the General Assembly's resolution because the United States has proved that it holds complete hegemony over the United Nations organisation dealing with it as if it was an American department. By seeking to abrogate the resolution, Washington is trying to appease the Israeli government and win its favour, but should it succeed in this effort, nothing can change the facts on ground because Israel will remain in the eyes of the world a racist entity, and one whose leaders' hands are stained with the blood of innocent people, the paper added. It said that observers believe that the United States, the sole superpower in the world, can now impose its will on other nations, in a manner to serve its own interests and those of its allies and stooges. It said that the cancellation of the General Assembly resolution can by no means change the fact that the Israeli entity is an outlaw and a criminal, committing atrocities in order to survive.

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily praised a decision by the minister of education to introduce civics and military education into the school curricula describing it as a brave and very sensible decision. Fakhri Kawar said that the decision also entails involving the school students in the activities of Al Hussein summer : imps which the ministry is now reviving. Such a move on the part of the Ministry of Education is bound to cause interaction between the schools and the local community which is very beneficial for the development of students' personalities and for offering service to the community, said the writer. Kawar voiced hope that Jordanian university students would also be involved in a similar task by touring the rural regions trying to identify the problems of the local community and means of promoting socio-economic development in the country. We want the Ministry of Education and the universities to open the eyes of the new generation to the facts of life and the problems the country is facing so that real change can come about in the future, said the writer. However, Kawar expressed apprehension that the new courses might be mishandled if unqualified persons take charge of them. He said that should that happen, the ministry's decision would not only backfire but might cause further frustration among the public with regard to the educational system of the country.

Spreading the lie: A view from Latin America

By John Ross & Norman Solomon

The following is the third in a 4-part series of a working paper presented at the International Seminar on News Coverage During the Time of War: Objectivity and the Role of Journalists, held in Amman, Sept 28-30, 1991. John Ross, Pacific News Service and San Francisco Examiner correspondent in Latin America, has covered guerrilla wars in the Andes and social conflicts in Central America and Mexico. He recently returned from a human rights fact-finding tour of Kuwait. Norman Solomon coordinates the peace desk for the media watch group FAIR, based in New York

FOREIGN correspondent John largest media conglomerate in the Ross was stationed in Latin America during the build-up to war in the Gulf. He reported

from Mexico City: 'From August to January, Latin Americans saw the build-up as a distant event in a far-off land with little impact on their daily lives. With its worldwide reach, CNN brought the invasion of Kuwait and subsequent international manoeuvering home through satellite feeds to private and government broadcasting networks throughout the Southern Hemisphere. Print media re-lied heavily on Western agencies. with the pro-U.S. press lining up behind Washington's United Nations coalition and the left digging in to defend the Third World against President George Bush's New World Order. But poised as they were on the extreme periphery of the coming war, Latin Americans audited events in the Gulf as if they were watching a spectator sport far removed from daily reality. The World Cup had more resonance.

One noticeable aspect of the reportage reaching Latin America, as the war rolled up to the starting gate, was the perception that Irao was a major military menace to world peace and security. One example: The Mexicobased Televisa Corporation, the

developing world with feeds to all Spanish-speaking countries, quickly placed a TV team in Tel Aviv and, thereafter, its daily news round-up from the Middle East tilted precipitously towards the damage President Saddam Hussein would inflict upon Israel once the shooting began. One correspondent, Eric Wexler, began each broadcast by putting on her gas mask. Print and electronic media never tired of touting the dangers of the poison gas and nuclear warheads Mr. Saddanr Hussein was about to rain down on humanity. The much-repeated factoid that the Iragi army was the fourth largest in the world seemed to gladden the hearts of those spoiling for a good fight. By Christmas, the mewsboys on' Mexico City's Reforma Boulevard were hollering headlines about the War That Would End The World! Even in distant, dusty villages that television had just begun to penetrate, the war had

become a palpable fear. "Looking back upon the hysteria that gripped Mexico on the eve of war, one has the queasy sensation that the military threat Mr. Saddam Hussein presented to world peace was deliberately overblown so that Iraq might be elevated to the status of an appropriate contender for the

U.S.-led display of technological destruction that soon dominated the TV screens of Latin America. Without the demonisation of Mr. Saddam Hussein as a new Hitler and the premeditated miscalculation of Iraqi military strength conveyed by the long arms of CNN and Televisa, the war would have been seen from Latin America as just one more brutal Yanqui takeover of a sovereign south-

"As the Jan. 15th U.N.imposed deadline approached, a fresh sense of dread gripped the Mexican capital with thousands encamped before the U.S. embassy, demanding a peaceful resolution to the conflict. The gathering and similar mass protests throughout Latin America and the developing world went generally unreported in the U.S.

"The Jan. 16th bombing of Baghdad that ignited the pyrotechnics, achieved one of the largest television audiences ever sampled in Mexico. CNN's spectacular on-the-scene coverage brought the event home to remote farmhouses and urban slums, mesmerising Mexican viewers for months, Never before had that nation been so riveted to world events and all of it being delivered with a heavy Washington spin. The conflict in the Gulf clearly signalled that a new world media order was in the making. Such a development is a necessary corollary to the Washingtonimposed conception of a new world political order."

The lies become bombs

From the first bombardment of Baghdad, news accounts of the continuous bombing attacks on

Iraq took on an abstract, sani- sembling "cockroaches" from the tised quality. TV news focused on Gulf events with lenses controlled entirely by the Pentagon. Correspondents mouthed the euphemistic language of the military. The human impacts were rarely men-

The most powerful news media

- key TV and radio networks, news weeklies, the New York Times and Washington Post and major wire services — fell into lockstep, vying with each other only as to who could paint the news frame a brighter red, white and blue. While major news institutions griped about Pentagon censorship that delayed transmissions by hours, they voluntarily maintained their own gag rules. "Our job is to prevent security leaks in an era of instant communication." Joint Chiefs of Staff Chairman Colin Powell instructed media executives (New York Times, May 5). Under the guise of national security, the masters of war enjoyed a virtual stranglehold on information flowing from the Gutf.

The government's press restrictions and the mass media's overall pro-war gloss prevented people all over the U.S. from encountering human realities, other than their own, during the war. The continual slaughter of Iraqi soldiers and civilians with hightech weaponry was reported as abstract "news." Air Force officers, shown in pool video interviews, described the bombing runs in computer terms. "I just see blips on the screen," said one returning pilot.

adversarial, are too close to pow-Accounts routinely referred to 'the enemy" without a hint of human identity. One TV network described Iraqi soldiers as re-

air (London Independent, Feb. 5, 1991). At the start of February, the New York Times published an unusually large cartoon across the top of op-ed page entitled "The Descent of Man." It

showed a Clark Gable-like man in suit-and-tie, then a chimpansnake, and finally, Mr. Saddam

As Lee and Solomon note in

Unreliable Sources: "Shirking any pretense of objectivity, network correspondents were quick to take sides. 'We've destroyed half the Iraqi Air force, announced Bob Schiefer on CBS. Walter Cronkite chimed in: 'We knocked one of their Scuds out of the sky.' ... Even Peter Amett, CNN's controversial correspondent who reported from Iraq during the war, betrayed his sympathies when, peering out of his hotel window in Baghdad, he commented on the first night of the bombing as helicopters buz-

zed by: 'Are those our choppers

or their choppers?' Mr. Arnett

wasn't referring to CNN helicop-

ters; he was identifying with 'our

side, the U.S. side. "Journalists no doubt harboured strong feelings about the war. That's to be expected. But as media professionals they should report on their government, not speak for it. The frequent use of the words 'we' and 'our' when describing U.S. military attacks against Iraq underscored one of the main failings of American journalism: Reporters, far from being too 'liberal' or

"Throughout the war, journal-

techno-prowess. Censored news accounts hyped the success of U.S. weaponry. Charles Osgood described the bombing of Iraq as 'a marvel." His CBS colleague Jim Stewart extolled 'two days of. almost picture perfect assaults. Of course, the Pentagon released footage that showed only hits, not zee, then a monkey, a venomous misses, and U.S. journalists... filed their reports accordingly." After the war, government records revealed that 70 per cent of all the tonnage dropped on Iraq and Kuwait did not strike the intended targets.

"Amidst all the high-tech boopla, a significant conflict of interest went unnoticed: American The network's anchor emeritus news media are sponsored, underwritten, and in some cases directly owned by major military contractors. Moreover, the boards of directors of nearly every major U.S. media corporation include representatives from 'defence' contractors, forming a powerful military-industrialmedia complex which compromises the integrity of American journalism.

"NBC, for example, is owned by General Electric (GE), one of America's biggest military contractors. GE, it turns out, designed, manufactured or supplied parts of maintenance for nearly every major weapon system employed by the U.S. during the Gulf war — including the Patriot and Tomahawk Cruise missiles. the Stealth bomber, the B-52 bomber, the AWACS plane, and the NAVSTAR spy satellite system. In other words, when correspondents and paid consultants on NBC television praised the performance of U.S. weapons, they were extolling equipment made by GE, the corporation that pays their salaries."

Islamic fundamentalists tighten grip on

By Robert Mahoney Reuter

GAZA - If Abu Abid sees a woman without a veil or a "pornographic" film at a video rental shop in the Israeli-occupied Gaza Strip he reports it to his super-

The 21-year-old Palestinian does his job well. He is a member of Hamas, the outlawed Islamic resistance movement, which is thriving among the dust-blown refugee camps and decaying towns of the Gaza Strip. An uncovered female head is as rare as a day without clashes

between Arabs and Israeli soldiers. Alcohol disappeared long from even below the counter in shops and restaurants. although it is still sold by Arabs in East Jerusalem and the occupied West Bank.

Attendance has soared at mos-

ques which have become a focus of Palestinian resistance to Israel's 24-year-old military occupation of this strip of Mediterranean coast.

Hamas, which means zeal in Arabic, claims more than half of Gaza's 750,000 people favour its ideal of an Islamic state in Gaza and eventually in all of pre-1948 Palestine which includes Israel. It is overshadowed by PLO groups in the West Bank but even the Israeli army estimates its support at 30 per cent in Gaza.

Abu Abid (a pseudonym) has thrown paint at women who have ignored his "advice" to wear a headscarf. But he does not see his attempts to impose Islamic Sharia law as merely an end in itself means of fighting Israel.

"The discipline of Islam will make it easier to resist the adopting Sharia we can conquer suspected of collaborating with

God will be with us. Young men like Abu Abid have flocked to Hamas since the uprising or intifada against Israel erupted in December 1987. Their existence is testimony to the

back-firing of an Israeli strategy a

decade ago to weaken the mainly

secular Palestine Liberation

Organisation by allowing Muslim activists to flourish. In Gaza, Hamas has now turned into a Frankenstein for Israel, according to Palestinians. Despite more than 600 arrests in a crackdown late last year the

tightly-knit group has bounced

"I can't say the crackdown did not hurt us, it cut our links. But our network is ba even stronger," said another activist identified as Abu Haider.

The group has claimed responoccupation," Abu Abid said. "By sibility for killing Jews and Arabs

said they would ignore the warn-Much of its work does not grab headlines in the way violence does. Yet the evidence of its influence and that of other Isla-

'We burned the video shop on Palestine street," said one slogan scrawled in red on a wall in Gaza City recently and signed "the vice squad." The shop, which rented films

mic groups is on every street.

that would not raise an eyebrow in the West or much of Asia, had fallen foul of anonymous arbiters of Islamic taste. Several other video shops have been torched.

Other graffiti warns students not to attend language classes at the British and French cultural "In those classes women wear-

make-up take off the veil," said Abu Haider. "There is corrup- the intifada. tion there." Students at the British Council

as suspected collaborators during

Abu Abid said graffiti and leaflets were the first weapons in

Hamas's fight for Sharia conformity. "If a woman continues to go unveiled we send letters to her and her family," he said. "If she continues to flaunt herself we use

hysical means." These have ranged from beatings to burning with acid for-

Abu Abid seeks to justify such action by saying "moral weakness" such as prostitution or drug-taking leads to collaboration, in his eyes one of the greatest wrongs an Arab can do. have been killed by fellow Arabs

are easily blackmailed into becoming Israeli informers. Last month it intensified its campaign of leaflets and graffiti warning against collaboration.

The latest leaflet told men to prevent women from going to hairdressing salons because they were run by collaborators. ... For the first time Hamas has

also taken to theatre to get its message across. Actors played tohouses of up to 3,000 worshippers in mosques during September celebrations of the Prophet Mohammad's birthday.

Young activists portrayed an Israeli Shin Bet secret police officer complete with almost caricatural black curly hair, Ray Ban turning a drug addict into an informer by supplying him with cocaine. Another play showed Hamas has long targeted drug how to resist Israeli interrogation

dealers and addicts whom it says methods.

LETTERS

40 years of U.S. aid

THE UNITED States and Jordan recently signed a series of agreements which will provide \$31.2 million in economic assistance to Jordan. These agreements are in addition to the \$27 million of feedgrain to be donated this year by the United States to help Jordanian livestock and poultry farmers maintain production and deliver essential food to consumers. For me, the agreements represent a milestone in bilateral relations and a good occasion to bring to the attention of your readers the extent of the cooperative aid relationship that exists between the United States and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan.

The initialing of these agreements marks almost forty years of continuous American aid to Jordan. Since 1952, the United States has provided nearly \$1.85 billion to expand Jordan's economic base and improve the quality of life for its people. This assistance, channeled through the Agency for International Development (USAID), includes the training of nearly 3,800 Jordanians in various professions at institutions in the United States or at American institutions abroad. It also includes the financing of over 400 projects in the Kingdom dealing with the construction of critical water projects, schools, health centres, roads and factories and the development of agricultural research and extension services, primary health care services, the University of Jordan and many government ministries. As Jordan embarked on a comprehensive economic structural adjustment in the late 1980's, that vigorously took up the challenge of new economic realities, USAID refocused its programmes to help provide needed support. These programmes have had as their primary aim the development of Jordan's private sector — the engine of economic growth and equity in the Kingdom.

The agreements mentioned in the opening paragraph are a good example of the responsiveness of the United States to Jordan's economic development needs. Over \$21 million of the 31.2 million will be made available to help private companies maintain their production and continue employment of staff. A grant of \$3.5 million will further strengthen the primary health care system. The balance of the funds will be used to support handicraft development, the financing of small businesses, new market development for Jordanian goods, engineering studies for wastewater treatment and the provision of essential government

The United States and Jordan have a long and solid relationship based on mutual trust and respect. American aid, coupled with Jordanian skilled manpower, is proof to me that the future of our two countries in this region lies together.

> Roger G. Harrison. U.S. Ambassador.

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackie. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferrably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused

THE WEEK IN PRINT

Yes to peace talks: A victory of reason over extremism

JORDANIAN newspapers over the past week dwelt on the outcome of the Palestine National Council (PNC) meetings in Algiers, the Middle East peace process and a number of domestic issues.

The PNC announced its endorsement of the U.S. plan, but has made it clear that the Palestinians can by no means abandon their rights, said Samih Maaita in Sawt Al Shaab daily. Had the PNC refused the plan, it would have caused further complications in the current drive to find a just and lasting settlement to the Palestine problem, said the

Columnist Mousa Kilani writing in Al Dustour criticised the voices coming out from Arab countries expressing their opposition to the PNC decision. The writer said that the PNC leaders had come to the conclusion of accepting the U.S. peace plan after due consideration and after thoroughly studying the situation and all the circumstances in the region. He said that non-Palestinian voices opposing the PNC decision have no right to act for the Palestinians or to oppose the decision of those who have all the right to deal with their own affairs by them-

Mohammad Kawash said in Al Dustour that the Palestinians do not have the military power to achieve victory over israel and liberate their lands. but they have all the right in their homeland. If Washington is serious about its plans and about the implementation of U.N. Security Council resolu-

tions, it should stop talking to the Palestinians from behind closed doors and should embark on a courageous step aimed at removing all obstacles to the conference, said the

Al Dustour said in the editorial that Jordan has welcomed the PNC decision and opened the door for talks aimed at forming a joint delegation to the peace conference. The paper said that the Jordanians and the Palestinians are now called on to embark on serious efforts to find a formula that would ensure the success of their endeavour.

A columnist in Sawt Al Shaab daily welcomed the PNC decision and said that it was a victory of reason and realism over extremism which would not achieve anything. Salameh Ekour said that no

Arab country had said "no" to the U.S. peace plan and that if the Palestinians had said "no", the other Arabs would have gone to the conference without them.

The PNC took a very wise decision after full examination of the situation and, at the same time reaffirmed the Palestinians' rights which can by no means be ignored.

Turning to the peace process, Al Ra'i daily said in its editorial that the United States, which has spearheaded efforts to achieve peace, should help eliminate the Israeli nuclear arsenal which threatens peace in the region.

Washington should think ab-

out the prospect of scrapping

the nuclear weapons so that

the Middle East can remain a

of peace and stability, the paper said. Clearing the region of nuclear and other mass destruction weapons, said the paper, would enhance the peace process and boost U.S. credibility worldwide.
Sawt Al Shaab said in the editorial that Moscow and

Washington, the co-sponsors of the proposed peace confer-ence, should not allow Israel to lay obstacles in the path of The paper said that the world is opposed to Israel's

settlement policy and the United States has displayed total opposition to its continuation, and therefore the U.S. and the Soviet Union should halt the settlement programme to pave the ground for a successful peace conference.

Mousa Subeihi, a columnist

in Al Dustour, cast a gloomy picture resulting from the peace conference. The writer said that the peace conference would not implement resolutions 242 and 338 as the Arabs hope and would not give the Palestinians their full rights as being demanded by the PLO. He said that the peace con-

ference can only lead to open political and trade relations between the Arabs and Israel and would achieve the dream of world Zionism. He said that the peace conference would grant Israel a land without people and would allow it to impose its begemony on the Arab World.

A columnist in Al Dustour lamented the disarray in the ranks of the Arab countries on the eve of the peace confer-

Fakhri Saleh said that Arab leaders have not yet agreed on sitting at one table to discuss a very important issue that would determine the Arab region's future for a long time to

The Gulf war, which divided the Arab countries, should not stand in the way of the joint Arab stand vis-a-vis the Palestinian question, said the

A writer in Al Dustour noted that the delay of the opening of Parliament's new session is clearly intended to allow for more time for the government to deal with the peace process. The writer said that the Par-

liament should be active and the deputies should be aware of every step in this process. He said that the Israeli government can by no means take any decision of this serious nature unless it acquires the support and blessing of the Israeli parliament, the Knesset, Is it democratic to involve Jordan in the peace process without involving the Parliament in the final decisions, the writer

Taher Al Udwan, who writes for Al Dustour, said that two years of democracy have elapsed and Parliament members have not yet achieved their demands and did not honour their commitments. The writer said that the Parliament has not yet succeeded in abrogating the martial law and did nothing to deal very efficiently with the question of senior officials abuse of administrative or financial matters.

Reshuffle — a triumph for Masri

(Continued from page 1)

ca

Masri's government was assured ' of the continued support of the same parliamentary and political forces which stood behind it when the cabinet presented itself for a confidence vote in June, and that the situation was not going to change as a result of this cabinet

Commenting on Dr. Ensour's resignation from the cabinet, a well-informed source confirmed that the deputy from Sak had resigned his ministerial post after his request that the reshuffle bring in a minister of state for foreign affairs who would lead the Jordanian delegation to the conference was denied.

Ensour wanted to remain in the cabinet as foreign minister but did not want to be part of the negotiating team," an official source told the Jordan Times. "A government cannot be structured to suit the interests of one of its members," the official added.

In explaining their optimism on continued support for the government in the House, senior officials referred to statements by outgoing ministers during cabinet meetings in which they underlined their understanding of the political realities which confront

and Mr. Surour on Friday.

With the reshuffle the number

of deputies in the cabinet was

reduced to nine from 10; while

two — Mr. Tarawneh and Mr.

Zoubi -- left, one -- Mr. Obeidat

Two ex-ministers, 3 new faces

(Continued from page 1)

The Jordan Arab National in its meetings to back Mr. Mas-

Democratic Alliance has now ri's cabinet whether it contained

Jordan and the need to deal with them in a pragmatic manner.

Outgoing ministers Mohammad Faris Tarawneh, Salim Zubi and Dr. Ensour, the official said, "fully understood Jordan's position and the necessity of entering. peace negotiations." But, he added, "although it was a political decision is was also personal."

Mr. Tarawneh, in one cabinet meeting was reported by sources as saying that in spite of his conviction that Jordan was on the right track in participating in the peace conference "if goes against my personal ideological dream."

Cabinet members as well as several observers who were contacted by the Jordan Times believed that the decision to expedite the cabinet reshuffle and providing it with clear political objectives "will contribute to a more concrete and cohesive government" and its members will be able to direct closer attention to

domestic affairs. Officials said they believed the limited cabinet reshuffle was sufficient to "remove this could that overshadowed our thinking during the past weeks over the

resignation of its member Taraw-

neh as minister. The National

Bloc has also four, in addition to

The 18-member Constitution

Bloc, held several meetings in the

past few days. The bloc decided

Prime Minister Masri.

that we cannot discuss or add to and this has helped tremendously peace process. One official said that the minisin easing the tension among peoters can now concentrate on their

'U.N. mission has evidence'

(Continued from page 1)

which permeated both public and Mr. Ekens said the nuclear official circles before the Palesinspections team still had work to tine National Council (PNC) do. "The team had not yet discoannounced its decision to welvered or managed to disclose come peace efforts and make everything about Iraq's nuclear plans for a joint Jordanianweapons development program-Palestinian delegation. The mood was somewhat tense be-

"But they have found very important findings which will be presented in due course," he

Iraq said documents seized were personnel records and that its nuclear experts could be endangered if the records fell into the wrong hands.

But Mr. Ekeus said such paperwork had been returned to the Bahrain. Iraqis and "there is no risk to Iraqi personnel."

U.N. teams seeking Iraq's nuclear, chemical and biological David Huxsoll told Reuters.

weapons secrets have had trouble since they started arriving in May to implement terms of the Gulf war ceasefire.

But last weekend Iraq lifted a ban on a team of U.N. inspectors using their own helicopters to seek out the sites from which Baghdad launched Scud missiles on Israel and Saudi Arabia.

The team left Baghdad in the helicopters Thursday for western Iraq and was not expected to return to the Iraqi capital until Sunday.

Iraq's germ warfare programme does not seem to have produced any weapons, a senior United Nations inspector said in

But it has plants which could make biologial weapons and should be watched in future, Dr.

British Prime Minister John Major told Kuwait's ruler Friday that Britain was determined not to let Iraq rebuild its nuclear or chemical weapons capability.

The emir of Kuwait, Sheikh aber Al Ahmad Al Sabah, met Mr. Major for 50 minutes on the third day of his first visit to Britain since the Gulf war ended on 28. A spokesman for Mr. Major's Downing Street office said the talks focused on Iraq.

Mr. Major also said Iraq should not be allowed back into the international community while President Saddam Hussein remained in power.

The emir said he believed Iraq thought the international attitude towards it would change in time. but Mr. Major assured him this would not happen, the spokesman added.

Britain was a key partner in the U.S.-Led coalition that forced Iraqi forces out of Kuwait.

Israel plans more settlements

(Continued from page 1)

The action was seen as part of a continuing struggle to expand the Jewish presence in East Jeru-

It coincided with a call by leaders of the 45-month-old Palestinian prorising to mark the Oct. 8 anniversary of the killing by police of 17 Palestinians at the

Al Aqsa Mosque. The house takeover could fuel an already highly-charged atmosphere ahead of the anniversary. in a leaflet circulated on Friday. Palestinians were urged to strike Tuesday and to attend prayers at the mosque in memory of those who died.

Palestinians said 10 settlers from the Ateret Cohanim Jewish seminary broke into the partlydestroyed house under police protection overnight and had put Golan.

Private Collection

armed guards at the entrance.

Israel Radio, meanwhile, reported that the government planned to expand Jewish settlement in the occupied Golan Heights by moving civilians into what is now an army outpost named Kela. It said 22 Soviet immigrant families would also live there.

Golan settlement leader Eli Malka indicated on the radio that Kela was part of a plan to double the Jewish population there over the next five years. Mr. Malka spoke just before he met the prime minister show him the settlement plan, the radio said.

Sami Bar-Lev, head of a Golan Heights town council, said the prime minister had assured him there was "not a shadow of a doubt" over the future of the

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

Art exhibition by Iraqi artists Mohammad Hussein Judi (copper engravement) and Sahib Al Yassiri (ceramics) at Alia Art Gallery.

* Exhibition entitled "Goethe Forest" at

the Department of Science and Technology of the University of Jordan. The exhibition consists of 45 pictures of the forest which is located in Dana between Tafileh and Shobak.

LECTURE

* Lecture by Malak Jaradeh and Christa Schrader entitled "Training of Nurses and Midwives in Jordan" at the Goethe Institute — 7:00 p.m.

CORRECTION

A typing error has occurred in the results of the Jordan Welfare Lottery published in Thursday's Jordan Times.

All tickets ending with zero (0) were reported as winning JD5 each while the figure should be JD2 only.

four cabinet members after the members of the bloc or not. sons and two daughters. Jordan and PLO hold talks

(Continued from page 1) on the participation of all parties involved to work together towards achieving a just and comprehensive peace for the Middle East conflict and

Jaza

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the Palestinian problem," Dr. Abu Jaber a prominent political scientist, told the Jordan News Agency, Petra. The PLO, according to the offi-cials, is also seeking a joint Jordanian-Palestinian negotiating position that will call for an immediate freeze to Israeli settlements in the occupied territories. American assurances regarding the Arab status of Eastern Jerusalem and then Palestinian people's right to self-

Although Jordan has reiterated its ent to the same demands, it is still unclear if both sides have prior to the or at the negotiating table.

The Palestinian officials said that the PLO believes and insists that a freeze on Israeli settlements should be in place prior to or simultaneously with the begining of the conference. The PLO, they said, will also demand that the issue concerning the status of Jerusalem be tackled at an early stage of the peace conference and not at a later stage as the Americans have

reportedly suggested.

According to the senior source, Jordan believes there is not very much that Jordan and the PLO can do in the quest for reaching agreements on what the Palestinians want to agree on, like the issue of freezing Israeli settlements before negotia

tions start.

"This is an area where Jordan is mable to do anything," said the source, who preferred anonymity. The U.S. has to work towards freezing the occupation authorities' settle-ment activities."

In a statement he gave two weeks ago, when U.S. Secretary of State James Baker visited Jordan, Prime Minister Masri implied that Jordan

ments prior to the conference but would strongly press the issue as a number one priority at the begining

of the parky.
"We have one major concern and that is the settlements. It's really something that is growing in importance. When and if the conference as it will be the first problem, Mr. Masri said at the th

According to political observers, ordan is concerned that the Arab side should not be projected in any way to be the party that obstructed or ... impeded the convening of the conference.

But Palestinian officials say that they fear that if there was no in ate freeze on settlements Israel will buy more time to build new ones the issues. "If this happens, Israel's view that the settlements issue is not linked to the peace process will pre-vail and Tel Aviv will not be under are to halt the settlements," said

one PLO official. According to information available to the Jordan Times, the Jordanian and the Palestinians were still engaged in talks tast night concerning a common negotiating position and had not reached the details concerning the structure of the joint delegation, the PLO's role and who will speak on

behalf of the delegation.

The PLO insists on an independent The PLO misists on an independent Palestinian representation within a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation and that it remained responsible for the delegation at the conference. So the U.S. proposals for a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation do not meet the PLO objectives, and therefore Jordan and the PLO are

therefore Jordan and the PLO are expected to be seeking a presentation of the final agreement in a way that will be acceptable to Washington.

Any agreement that will give the

impression that the PLO has lost its role or that the Palestinian delegation will have no independent representa-

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nished.

tion by the Palestinian factions and even the majority of Palestinian inde-

domestic duties "as things have

The senior cabinet source

pointed to the "mood of tension"

cause of the political situation,"

region to deal with and it was not

easy for individuals (in the

He pointd out that since Mr.

Masri formed his first govern-

ment in June "the larger number

among cabinet members had

slowly accepted the new realities

and adapated to them and that is

precisely why most of them

Now, officials say, the atmos-

phere has changed and has be-

come more relaxed, especially

that the "Palestinians themselves

have accepted the idea and are

willing to enter into negotia-

the source said.

"They have taken a decision

Five join cabinet

first worked for Radio Jordan

before founding Al Manar Arabic

daily in 1960 in Amman. Mr.

Sharif become chief editor of Al

Dustour daily in 1967. He also

worked in Qatar between 1968

and 1974 before returning to Al

Dustour where he had been serv-

ing as chief editor until early this

year. He is married with three

"It is a new reality for the

the source said.

cabinet) to accept."

now become clearer.

pendents at the PNC, some Palestimian analysis warn.

Two previous attempts to reach an agreement on forming a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation ed in 1983 and 1986 when the PLO insisted on independent Palestinian representation — a condition that the

U.S. rejected then. But PLO officials said that they were keen not to allow the issue to spoil Jordanian-Palestinian relations, especially as the "differences are between us and the Americans and between the Jordanians and the

It was unclear until that night when the current talks would end but observers noted that both sides did not the other steps hinge on a Jorda alestinian agreement. The PLO and Jordan have been

seeking a meeting of the five front line states — Egypt, Syria, Lebanon, Jordan and the PLO — to coordinate the Arab position before the conven-ing of the conference. Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa said Friday that this meeting

will take place next week, signalling a shift in the Syrian position. But some Arab analysts believe that the meeting cannot take place unless Jordan and the PLO resolved the issue of Palestinian representa-tion, or else the five states might have to decide on the issue — an option that Jordan and the PLO are not

fikely to prefer.

The PLO delegation currently in Jordan includes Executive Committee members Mahmoud Mazen, Yas-ser Abed Rabbo and Saleiman Naj-jab. Taking part in discussions with the team were Prime Minister Masri, the King's Political Advisor Aduan Abu Odeh, Deputy Prime Minister Ali Saheimat, Foreign Minister Abu Jaber and Information Minister Shar-if.



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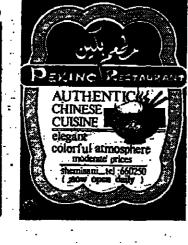
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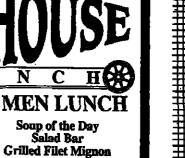
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Al Orthodoxi closes in on title

By Aleen Bannayan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The second stage of the under-19 basketball competition became an event of challenge and rivalry Thursday as the four teams played crucial matches which would almost determine

their final league standings. Al Orthodoxi moved a step closer to the title as current titleholders Al Ahli disappointed their fans and lost the match

Rivals Al Jazireh and Al Watani fought it out in a most exciting and competitive match which Al

Jazireh won 78-76. The Orthodoxi-Ahli match was certainly not the expected matchup between the two top teams in

Al Orthodoxi, playing man-to-

PÁRIS (R) — Hot favourite

Generous was poorly drawn at 14

of the 14 runners when final

declarations were announced Fri-

day for Sunday's Prix de l'Arc de

Triomphe horse racing show-

winner has been a firm 5-4 chance

since adding the King George VI

and Queen Elizabeth Diamond

But Friday's draw places him

on the outside of a star-studded

field and because French ste-

wards insist horses must run

straight for the first 50 metres,

the English-trained colt will be at

à disadvantage in the early stages.

the impressive French Derby and

Irish Champion Stakes winner

Suave Dancer, was drawn 12 so it

may not be a huge problem for

the favourite.

But chief rival to Generous,

Stakes to his laurels in July.

The English and Irish Derby

Generous poorly drawn in

Arc de Triomphe showpiece

man defence throughout the match, effectively limited the scoring ability of Al Ahli's Thamer Al Abuini and Ramez Hammoudeh and finished the first half

We depended on an up-todate basketball rule that says 'if you play good defence you win the game, and it proved to be right," said Al Orthodoxi's coach Hilal Barakat.

Led by Mudar Barakat (who scored 30 points), Ziyad Al Nabulsi and Mustafa Al Ghoul, Al Orthodoxi scored a big win of

We have trained well and worked really hard. I am happy and await next Thursday's final. Barakat told the Jordan Times. Al Ahli will have to win by more than 24 points if they want to retain their title in next week's

Other leading fancies, 1990 En-

glish St. Leger winner Snurge and

French-trained Pistolet Bleu were

drawn 11 and 1 respectively.

Toulon, winner of this year's

English Leger but trained in

Veteran jockey Freddie Head

who has won the Arc four times,

finds himself without a mount

following the overnight with-

drawal of Subotica, trained by

Head was to have ridden Pie-

geon Voyageur, one of Fabre's

other runners, but when Subotica

was pulled out because of a rash,

Thierry Jamet, who is attached to

the Fabre Stable, switched from

British jockey Alan Munro, who

has shot to tame through his

connection with Generous, will

be having his first Arc ride Sun-

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Subotica to Pigeon Voyageur.

France, was drawn 10.

Andre Fabre.

In the other match Al Jazireh loss to lack of substitutes. beat Al Watani 78-76 in a match that was interesting yet nervewrecking to players and fans

After Al Jazireh had led by 14 points in the first half, Al Watani caught-up and ended the first half

In the second half. Al Watani led at 63-51 in the eighth minute, but Al Jazireh's good defence stopped many scoring chances and reduced the difference.

Al Jazireh caught-up with Al Watani (who had led 71-61 in the 14th minute) at 71-70 and with three pointers from Lua'y Khudeir won the match 78-76. "Nobody should underestimate

our team," Al Jazireh's coach Fadi Al Sabbah told the Jordan

Al Watani's head coach Ghaith Al Najjar attributed his team's Jazirch.

"The last five minutes of a match are very crucial. We had played man-to-man defence throughout the game and I didn't have enough substitutes. We just had some back luck at the end."

Najjar said. We are determined to give Al Ahli a tough time in our coming game. If all goes well me might have a chance at winning," Naj-

jar told the Jordan Times. With this win Al Jazirch moved closer to the No. 3 spot unless Al Watani beats them by more than two points in next Thursday's

Six games remain in the under-19 basketball competition with the finals set for Thursday Oct.

On Sunday Al Orthodoxi plays Al Watani and Al Ahli plays Al

Edberg, Gilbert advance to Sydney semifinals

SYDNEY, Australia (AP) — Top-seeded Stefan Edberg rallied to beat Michael Chang 6-4, 7-5 Friday and advanced to the semifinals of the \$1 million Australian

Indoor Tennis Championship. The Swedish power-server was ioined in the final four by ninthseeded American Brad Gilbert, who out-guiled South African

Wayne Ferreira 6-1, 6-4. Edberg, the U.S. Open champion, will face either No. 4 Andre Agassi or No. 6 Goran Ivanisevic in Saturday's semis.

Gilbert, who hasn't won a tournament this year, will play either No. 3 Pete Sampras or No. 5 David Wheaton. Gilbert has won at least one tournament for each of the last seven years.

Chang, the No. 8 seed, led Edberg 4-1 in the second set, but the Swede swept back to win five of the lost six games.

"At the moment he is a better player than I am," Chang con-ceded. "He's really improved his mental toughness and comes up with really big serves on the tough points.
"At 19, I have more to learn

than a guy like Stefan." Experience also proved the difference between Gilbert and Ferreira, who Thursday dumped three-time champion Ivan Lendl out of the third round.

quarterfinals of the \$300,000

Foulouse Grand Prix Tennis

Tournament, but third-seeded

Jakob Hlasek of Switzerland lost.

topped Tomas Carbonell of

Spain, 6-1, 6-4, in the quarterfinals, he will meet hard-serving

Richard Krajicek of the Nether-

lands, who beat Hlasek, 6-2, 6-4.

In another second-round

match, Marc Rosset, the seventh

seed from Switzerland, beat

Swede Thomas Enqvist, 6-4, 1-6,

McEnroe is hoping for a quick

7-6 (7-2).

Peanuts

McEnroe, the No. 6 seed.

McEnroe reaches final 8

of Toulouse tournament

TOULOUSE, France (AP) - return to France as part of the U.S.

John McEnroe breezed into the team in the Davis Cup final.

and never allowed Ferreira to dominate with the pace and power that befuddled Lendl. The 30-year-old Californian

played brilliantly to win in 66 "I thought he might be a little sluggish at the start and I didn't give him time to establish a

rhythm," Gilbert said. "I felt I had a good game-plan going in and I stayed with it. I was mixing up my shots and could see him getting frustrated. I may be 30, but I've still got a lot of tennis left in me.

Ferreira said he had felt a letdown after his victory over second-seeded Lendl. He paid tribute to Gilbert's court craft. "I battled to get going," said the 20-year-old South African.

"He played pretty well and served well. It was frustrating because I wanted to play as well as I had against Lendl, but it's difficult to get over a big match." Ferreira said the defeat had

taught him a lot. 'I realised today what it is like (at the top)," he said, "He's been playing for so many years and I'm just learning the mental game. He's got the edge."

The tournament offers a first prize of \$122,700, is being played ut of the third round.

On synthetic plexi-pave courts,
Gilbert mixed up his play well and continues through Sunday.

"I would love to play Davis

The United States faces France

starting Nov. 29 in Lyon, and

McEnroe thinks he deserves a

spot on the team, especially in

"In doubles I am probably the best U.S. player," McEnroe said.

"If the captain wants me to play

doubles in the Davis Cup, I don't

have to prove anything here. He

should know the level of my

Cup. I already won it four times,

McEnroe said Wednesday.

Arsenal draws Benfica in European Cup tie

LONDON (R) — English soccer champions Arsenal were drawn against Benfica, one of the legendary giants of European soccer, Friday in the glamour tie of the second round of the European

Benfica, twice European cham-

Dions in the 1960s and finalists in two of the last four years, will provide a severe test for Arsenal and English soccer, absent from the European Cup for six years. Liverpool, whose fans' rioting at the 1985 European Cup final led to English being banned from Europe, were drawn against

French side Auxerre in the second round of the UEFA Cup. European Cup champions Red Star Belgrade received the simplest of second round ties against Cypriots Apollon Limassol, surprise first round victors over

Romania's University Craiova. Last year's losing finalists Marseille play Sparta Pragne, the Czechoslovak side who knocked out Scottish champions Glasgow Rangers.

Another enticing tie sees Barcelona paired against German champions Kaiserslautern. England's two representatives

in the European Cup Winners' Cup both face tough ties against in-form opposition.

Holders Mancherster United who head the English League but struggled to reach the second round, meet Spanish League leaders Atletico Madrid, while Tottenham face Portugal's pacesetters FC Porto.

Arsenal, unseeded in the European Cup draw, are looking forward to what will be their biggest games in Europe since they lost the final of the Cup Winners' Cup on penalties to Valencia in 1980.

They have the advantage of playing the first leg away as the bid to reach the lucrative experimental round-robin quarterfinal stage awaiting second-round winners of the European Cup. Arsenal Vice-President David

Dean said: "This is a very exciting draw for us. Portuguese sides are very strong in European club football so we can look forward in Italy.

Benfica President Joso Santos said: "To pick a club like Arsenal which is a household name in Portugal when they talk about English clubs is a great pleasure

All ties are due to be played on Oct. 23 and Nov. 6.

Sampdoria, who won the Italian championship for the first time in their history last season, meet Honved Budapest of Hun-

PSV Eindhoven, European champions in 1988, face Belgian neighbours Anderlecht, losing 1990 Cup Winners' Cup finalists. Of the other English-

Portuguese clash, Tottenham's manager Peter Shreeves said: "Porto will obviously be a difficult examination because we will be playing in front of their fiercepartisan crowd.

"I am just pleased we've avoided Manchester United." Liverpool's second tie after their six-year ban from European competition, pitches them against a French side who are in mid-

Liverpool, four times European champions, cruised past Finland's Kuustysi Lahti 6-1, although were beaten 1-0 away. Liverpool chief executive Peter Robinson said: "We have not played Auxerre before but it could certainly be a tough game in the first leg away.

Two of six former European champions in the UEFA Cup, Real Madrid and Bayern Munich, were drawn away in their first-leg rounds against significantly weaker opposition.

Bayern travel to B1903 Copenhagen, surprise first-round conquerors of Scotland's Aberdeen, and Real play FC Utrecht, currently mid-table in the Dutch

Torino, one of two Italian clubs maining in the UEFA Cup, will not relish their tie against Boavista, the Portuguese side who knocked out holders Inter Milan after holding them to a 0-0 draw

Navratilova glad to play differently from rivals MILAN (AP) — Martina Navra- ers who are winning Grand Slam

different style than her younger rivals Monica Seles and Jennifer

Capriati. The 34-year-old American, a serve-and-volley player who once dominated the women's game, says tennis fans support her and enjoy her play "because I take chances" and beause they contrast of styles."

Both Seles and Capriati are

"I am not going to change my play. It would be too much the same stuff to play the way Cap-riati and Seles do," she said. Navratilova, who reached the quarterfinals of the Milan Ladies Indoor tournament Thursday by defeating Australian Rachel McQuillan 6-7, (6-8), 6-0, 6-0 said she and Jimmy Connors have proven that one can play spec-

tacular, consistent tennis at the age of nearly 40. "I don't know if teenage play-

tilova says she's glad she plays a different style than her younger able to stay on top so long," she said. "Certainly they start much younger. I was a good player at 19. They begin at 16, have more mileage and demands to face."

Fourth-seeded Conchita Martinez and seventh-seeded Gigi quarterfinals of the Milan Ladies Indoor with victories Wednesday, but both were unimpressiveagainst lightly-regarded oppo-

Fernandez, a 27-year-old American, rallied from a set down to beat French qualifier Natalie Herreman 4-6, 6-2, 6-2 in one hour and 34 minutes at the Assago Forum.

Martinez, ranked eighth by the Women's Tennis Association, vacilated between well-placed shots and several unforced errors in beating Karina Habsidova 6-4,

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1991 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You now have every need to make certain that what ever you tie yourself down to will remain in effect for a considerable time to come. Listen to what others are telling you before you act.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You sow have a considerable amount of assignments of a routine nature to do but if you make sure you add a touch of

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) This is your moment to show you know how to smuse and extertain those upon you rely for a good time as well as accepting favours from them.

GEAGNU: (May 21 to June 21) Whatever has real bearing upon your interest in gaining the good will of members of your own household is important now so consider their wants.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Start this day right by immediately sitting down and making some arrange-ments with those who are usual allies to better your present arrangements.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You can get right into the nitty-gritty of financial problems now and you are able to see ways and means to build up your nest

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Whatever means the most to you is fine

big headway towards gaining your ends. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You need to use most of this day to think out and plan a course of action that can bring you a great deal more of the good things of life.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You like to be secretive and keep everything to yourself but it is necessary that you confide more in friends who like and want you to gain your personal

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Whatever means the most to you in the way of wordly position can be approached with a better chance of ocreasing you standing in your com-

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Think over that plan that means so much to you again and then you will see the best way to expand your present success and gain more praise.

AQUARTUS: (January 21 to February 19) Whatever means the most to you is all right if you make a point to delve into all the specific projects of an exact nature required for success.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) show now that you are willing to go at least halfway in getting partners to realize you want to get along with them so your joint undertaking can be a

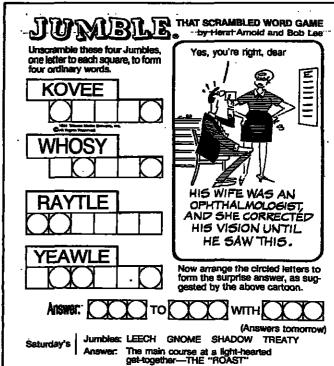
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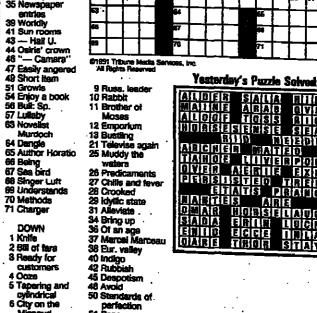
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Maybe if I look young, I'll feel young!"



Answer: The main course at a light-hearted get-together—THE "ROAST" THE Daily Crossword by Florence C. Adler 1 Young salmon 6 Eyes to poets 10 Sp. house 14 Wigwam 15 Hearty food 16 Food for Dobbin 17 Lend — (hister 18 — Minor 19 Galt 20 Revolutionary battle site socials 24 Mangle 26 Prattle 30 Joint compo 32 Author Jam 33 — Major 35 Newspaper entries 39 Worldly 41 Sun rooms 43 — Hell II 43 --- Hall U. 44 Osiris' crown 46 "— Camera" 47 Easily angered 49 Sorrifiem Yesterday's Puzzle Solved: 51 Growls 54 Enjoy a book 56 Buil: Sp. 57 Luliaby 63 Novelist



66 Being 67 Sea bird 68 Singer Luft 69 Understands 70 Methods

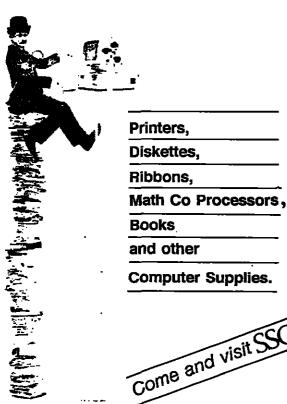
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WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

.Q.: -: "ther vulnerable, as South K53 AQ6 4AQ95 heart. What do you respond?

Q.2—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: \$765 K63 AQ6 \$AQ95 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West Pass 2 Pass ? What do you bid now?

Q.3-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: 4765 K53 AQ6 4AQ95 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West
1 Pass 2 Pass
2 Pass ? What do you bid now?

Q.4—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: ♦765 7K53 AQ6 ♣AQ95 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West Pass 2 4 Pass Pass 2 NT Pass Pass ?

What do you bid now? Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you ♦Void %KQJ10652 \J1053 Partner opens the bidding with one club. What do you respond?

Q.6-As South, vulnerable, you hold:

\$\phiA65\$ \$\sqrt{AQ10}\$ \$\sqrt{A984}\$ \$\pm762\$\$
The bidding has proceeded:

South West North East

1 ** Pass 1 ** Pass

What do you bid now?





Andy Capp



Mutt'n'Jeff



Financial

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|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Sterling Pound® . | 1.7500 | 1.7547 |
| Deutsche Mark | I_6660 | 1.6603 |
| Swiss Franc : | 1.4562 | 1.4525 |
| French Franc | 5.6765 | 5.6545 ** |
| Japanese Yen | 132.59 | 130.80 |
| European Curreny Unit | 1.2285 | 1.2339 ** |

| Enrocurrency Interest Ra | ates para; | | | Date: 3/10/91 | | |
|--------------------------|------------|--------|--------|---------------|--|--|
| Currency | 1 MTH | 3 MTHS | 6 MTHS | 12 MTHS | | |
| U.S. Dollar | 5.31 | 5.43 | 5.43 | 5.56 | | |
| Sterling Pound | 10.37 | 10_18 | 10.12 | 9.93 | | |
| Deutsche Mark | 9.06 | 9.25 | 9.31 | 9.37 | | |
| Swiss Franc | 8.06 | 8.06 | 8.06 | 7.87 | | |
| French Franc | 9.31 | 9.37 | 9.37 | 9.37 | | |
| Japanese Yen | 6.71 | 6.46 | 6.27 | 6_00 | | |
| European Currency Unit | 9.87 | 9.93 | 9.93 | 9.87 | | |

Metal

Date: 3/10/91

USD/Oz JD/Gm

3/10/91

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USD/Oz JD/Gm²

| Control | Bank | of | Jordan | Exchange | Rate | Bulletin |
|---------|------|----|--------|----------|------|----------|

| Святевсу | Bid · | Offer | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|--------|--|--|
| U.S. Dollar | .685 | .687 | | |
| Sterling Pound | 1.1999 | 1.2059 | | |
| Deutsche Mark | _4119 | 4140 | | |
| Swiss Franc | .4709 | .4733 | | |
| French Franc | .1209 | .1215 | | |
| Japanese Yen* | .5208 | .5234 | | |
| Dutch Guilder . | -3 45 5 . | .3673 | | |
| Swedish Krona | .1130 | .1136 | | |
| Italian Lira* | _0551 | .0554 | | |
| Belgian Franc | .01993 | .02003 | | |

| Other Currencles | Da | Date: 3/10/91 | | |
|------------------|-----------|----------------|--|--|
| Сигтелсу | Bid | Offer | | |
| Bahraini Dinar | 1_7880 | 1.7960 | | |
| Lebanese Lira* | .0768 · . | -0772 | | |
| Saudi Riyal | .1824 | .1835 | | |
| Kawaiti Dinar | · | - . | | |
| Qatari Riyal | .1856 | .1863 | | |
| Egyptian Pound | .2070 | .2150 | | |
| Omani Riyal | 1.7580 | 1.7700 | | |
| UAE Dirham | -1856 | .1863 | | |
| Greek Drachma* | .3690 | .3700 | | |
| Cypriot Pound | 1.4600 | 1.4750 | | |

| Index | 1/10/91 | Close | 2/10/91 | Close |
|-------------------------|---------|-------|---------|-------|
| All-Share | 121.98 | | 121,20 | |
| Banking Sector | 102.98 | - 1 | 102.34 | |
| Insurance Sector | 122.49 | • | 122.47 | |
| Industry Sector | 151.16 | | 150:01 | |
| Services Sector | 128.64 | | 128_41 | |
| December 31, 1990 = 101 | | | | - |

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Friday.

| One Sterling | 1.7513/23 | U.S. dollarş |
|-------------------|---------------|------------------|
| One U.S. dollar | 1.1320/25 | Canadian dollar |
| | 1.6620/27 | Deutschemarks · |
| | 1.8730/40 | Dutch guilders |
| | 1.4520/27 | Swiss francs |
| | 34.25/29 | Belgian francs |
| | 5.6620/70 | French, francs |
| | 1242/1243 | Italian lire |
| | 129.90/130.00 | Japanese yen |
| | 6.0570/0620 | Swedish crowns |
| | 6.5070/5120 | Norwegian crowns |
| | 6.4120/70 | Danish crowns |
| One ounce of gold | 356.70/357.20 | U.S. dollars |
| | | |

Disney to trim 1992 spending with Mickey's arrival in Paris

year's budget, he said.

LAKE BUENA VISTA, Florida ern California, but any projects (R) Walt Disney Co. will trim its capital spending budget in 1992 after opening the \$3.5 billion Euro Disneyland, the latest in an fast-growing network of theme parks and hotel resorts, Disney President Frank Wells has

Speaking in an interview marking the 20th anniversary of Florida's Walt Disney World, Mr. Wells declined to give details of how much the company planned to cut spending next year.
"I would doubt that capital

expenditures for fiscal 1992 will be as high as 1991 just because of the cycle we're in," Mr. Wells He was referring to Disney's completion of two major Florida resorts earlier this year and its

planned April opening of Euro

Disneyland. The company is

eyeing additional theme parks in Tokyo, central Florida and south-

NEW YORK (R) — A new U.S.

immigration act emphasising

alien contributions to the U.S.

economy has taken effect, the

first major overhaul of these laws

Provisions in the sweeping leg-islation make it easier for highly

skilled immigrants who possess-"extraordinary ability" in the

arts, sciences, education or sport

and wealthy investors to settle in

Under the new law, up to

700,000 immigrants for each of

the next three years will be

allowed to enter the United

The total number of visas

issued annually for permanent residents with special skills, for

in 25 years.

No. of cos

(Decline)

the United States.

The Euro Disneyland park, six adjacent hotel resorts and a golf course near Paris are expected to attract more than 11 million visitors during the first year.

would not be included in next

Disney's businesses have expanded far beyond its trademark Mickey Mouse character to include movie and television programme production, home videos, magazines and various consumer retail products.

Mr. Wells did not say how much Disney spent in fiscal 1991, which ended Sept. 30. But a company spokesman said Disney spent about \$1 billion during the past fiscal year, excluding the Euro Disneyland project.

Mr. Wells also said a year-long slump in attendance at U.S. theme parks caused by the econo-

emphasises alien contribution

example, will rise to 140,000 from

category providing 10,000 visas for foreign investors who plan to

spend at least \$1 million in the

A major purpose of the act is to

allow entry of managers and pro-

fessional. Their skills are ex-

pected to improve the U.S. work

The new act creates five cate-

gories for permanent visas. The

first category provides 40,000

immigrants: Those who have de-

monstrated "extraordinary abil-

ity" in the arts, sciences, educa-

. JD 489,823 JD 1,639,292

1,109,400

JD 878,212

JD 445,499 (34.7%)

(19.2%)

(2.5%)

130.5

32 19

Amman Financial Market

weekly trading

Sectoral trading

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

TOKYO — Investors adopted a wait-and-see attitude amid speculation about Soviet political troubles and reports that Prime Minister Toshiki Kaifu not seek reelection. The Nikkei average

FRANKFURT — Shares ended a sluggish session with the Dax 5.59 points lower at 1,601.73. The market managed to defend a

psychologically important level at 1,600 points as no real selling

ZURICH — Swiss share prices recovered earlier losses to close steady to slightly firmer. The All-Share SPI closed 1.3 points up at

PARIS - The French CAC-40 share index fell 15.20 points to

1,851.91 weighed down by poor company results, a volatile bond

market, and a newspaper report that Finance Minister Pierre Beregovoy was considering resigning.

LONDON — Shares closed slightly down at the end of an uninspired day after struggling to fight into positive territory on a

a firmer FISE Index futures market. The FISE 100 Index ended

Sept.28-Oct.2

ID 860,232

JD 4,301,158 2,979,243

JD 2.598.231

JD 1,024,345 (23.8%)

(12.6%)

(2.2%)

132.3

There are three types of these

visas for "priority workers."

pool and enhance American com-

Included in the new figures is a

New U.S. immigration law

"Attendance has been down somewhat because of the economic circumstances of this past year. We see it building back up and think it will continue to build up this (fiscal) year to pre-recession levels," he said.

The rapidly expanding network of theme parks - including three in central Florida, the original Disneyland in southern California and Tokyo Disney - contribute more than half of Disney's companywide revenues.

The company does not release attendance figures for its theme parks, but industry analysts have estimated that attendance fell by 10 to 15 per cent during the past

During the first nine months of the year, Disney revenues decreased six per cent to \$2.05 billion from the previous period. Net income fell sharply to \$462.6 million compared to \$591,3 million for the same period in 1990.

tion, business or athletics, those

who are "outstanding" professors

or researchers, or those who are

multinational executives and

The second, third and fourth

categories provide 40,000 visas

each for professionals holding

advanced degrees, skilled work-

ers, and clergy and religious

The last category, which im-migration lawyers have dubbed

"the millionaires club," allows

wealthy foreigners to settle here

if they plan to spend at least \$1

million in capital for a commerci-

al enterprise and hire at least 10

U.S. citizens or aliens admitted

for permanent residence.

end national strike = OTTAWA (R) - Canadian government employees, facing stiff fines under back-to-work legisla-

Candian

workers

government

tion, ended a strike Thursday over higher pay that crippled services across the nation for almost three weeks. Activity at U.S. border cros-

sings, airports were reported back to normal. "People are not happy but they are at work," union spokeswoman Caroline Combs said in an interview.

A 10-day strike by members of the Public Service Alliance of Canada, suspended last month for negotiations, resumed a week ago after the government and union failed to reach a contract settle-

But parliament passed a law Wednesday ordering 110,000 union members to return to work. The government, seeking to slash a budget deficit and inflation, froze wages this year and imposed rises of three per cent in 1992 and 1993.

The workers would have faced daily fines of \$885 if they had defied the law.

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Iran drills into Qatar gas field

DUBAI (R) — Iran is drilling into Qatar's North Field, the Iran started drilling to put pressworld's bigget gas find, saying it ure on Qatar to agree to share juts into its territorial waters, revenue Gulf oil industry sources have

Progetti e Lavori (TPL), awarded of kilometres under the Gulf and a \$37 million contract by Iran in it is likely that Iran might find July to drill three appraisal wells, some gas in its side of the de moved a Soviet-owned drilling rig marcation line. to the South Pars site in the

its North Field less than a month ago. The emirate's oil reserves are expected to be depleted early (14 trillion cubic metres) of natu- aluate the gas and condensate

started drilling," an oil industry said.

executive in the Gulf said.

Iran, sitting on the world's man project to develop South second largest natural gas reserves after the Soviet Union, billion if production from the calls its section of the North Field field is deemed feasible.

Iran in 1989 claimed at least 30 natural gas (LNG) and condeterritorrial waters and initially the dry gas onshore. sought joint development.

of the North Field but Qataris say production in August. privately that the Iranian claim does not worry them.

outpatient clinic in Amman

treatment monitoring.

Some industry sources believe

Experts say the Khuff geological formation, which holds the gas The Italian firm Technologie in North Field, extends hundreds

But the main reservoir, 2,500central Gulf, the sources said. 2,900 metres below the seabed Qatar officially began tapping and covering an area of 6,000 square kilometres is under Qatari

Iran signed an agreement in next century and it has pinned all July with TPL and another Italian its hopes for future riches on the firm Saipem to exlore and dehuge gas reservoir, estimated to velop South Pars in two stages, hold up to 500 trillion cubic feet "They (Iranians) want to ev-

ral gas.

"TPL moved the rig to South three wells is expected to take 18 production potential. Drilling Pars without any ceremony and months," an oil industry source The second phase of the Ira

Iran plans to export liquefied

per cent o the field was under its assates from the field and pump Qatar officially inaugrated the

Quatar has officially remained first phase of the North Field silent on Tehran's claims on parts project on Sept. 3, after starting It started pumping out some 700 million cubic feet (20 million

pumping some out in their own over \$1.2 billion and was delayed waters," one diplomat said. for at least six months by leaks for at least six months by leaks.

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Mahmoud Abdul Aziz Najah Al Movii THE KIT KAT

1.0 points lower at 2,624.6.

eased 114.54 points to 24.596.90.

1,090.5, a rise of 10.9 on the week.

pressure emerged.

(Arabic)

ws. 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

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(Arabic)

Yugoslav fighting overshadows peace talks

Mesic accuses Serbia, allies of staging 'coup'

ZAGREB (R) — The Yugoslav army launched fresh mortar attacks on Dubrovnik and other Croatian cities Friday and President Stipe Mesic accused Serbia and its allies of staging a coup.

The sharpening tension and violence cast a shadow over peace talks due to resume Friday.

Croatian Radio said hundreds of women and children fled the Adriatic village of Slano, north of Dubrovnik, in the early hours as the army rained mortars down on

It said attacks resumed on the suburbs of the ancient city and reported an air raid alert in the

Mortars also fell on the eastern town of Vukovar and on Nova Gradiska and Pakrac in the centre of Croatia, where Croats are battling rebel Serbs and the army. The radio gave no details of casualties on the third day of a

new army offensive. Mr. Mesic, a Croat, accused Serbia and its three allies of carrying out a coup Thursday by adopting special powers to take decisions on behalf of the eightman collective presidency even if under emergency procedures because Yugoslavia faced an immediate threat of war. But Mr. Mesic told Reuters:

There was no quorum and no decision could legally be taken. It is a coup d'etat."

He said Yugoslavia had ceased to exist and the Croatian government accused Serbia, its traditional rival, of taking over the last vestiges of federal power.

Serbia, the biggest Yugoslav republic, its Kosovo and Vojvodina provinces and Montenegro, were backed by the army at a session boycotted by the republics of Slovenia, Macedonia and Bosnia-Herzegovina.

The row followed one of the worst days of fighting on Thurs-day since Croatia declared independence on June 25 and its Serbian minority rebelled.

It broke out on the eve of European Community (EC) talks on Yugoslavia in the Netherlands

Defence Minister General Veljko Kadijevic, Serbian President Slobodan Milosevic and

their four rivals were not present. Croatian President Franjo Tudj-They said they could do so man were due to meet EC envoy Lord Carrington, a former British foreign secretary, in the Hague. The EC has been trying to

negotiate a political solution to Yugoslavia's crisis but its efforts have repeatedly broken down. A series of EC-brokered ceasefires have collapsed and hopes of ending the fighting are fading. Gen. Kadijevic, bitterly attack-

ing Mr. Mesic and Yugoslav Prime Minister Ante Markovic Thursday, said Neo-Nazism was rife in Croatia and that conditions now existed for a general mobilication.

He stopped short of ordering a call-up. He and Vice-President Branko

Kostic, a Montenegrin, denied the Serbian-led moves amounted to a coup. Leaders of Bosnia-

Herzegovina and Macedonia also rejected decisions made at Thursday's meeting as unconstitutional, widening the already huge differences among Yugoslavia's eight republics and provinces. The Croatian government cal-led for the disbanding of the



Croatian National Guards help a wounded comrade during a recent battle against the Yugoslav army

federal army and accused Serbia of taking over the remaining federal institutions.

"All federal Yugoslav institutions have either ceased to function or are functioning as institutions of the Republic of Serbia,"

it said in a statement. Thursday's battles were among the worst in more than three

erupt again

Clashes

in Soviet

Georgia;

3 wounded

MOSCOW (Agencies) — At least three militiamen loyal to Georgian President Zviad Gam-

sakhurdia were seriously wound-

ed Friday in a fierce shoot-out

with rebel guardsmen that killed

hopes for calm in the volatile

Local journalists said the fight-

ing erupted in mid-morning when

opposition troops attacked a mili-

tia post at a lake on the outskirts

of the Georgian capital Tbilisi.

"There was a fierce exchange of fire," said a journalist from the

independent Iprinda News Agen-

cy, whose offices are close to the

Interfax News Agency said the

fighting stretched into the after-

noon, with rebeis troops taking

aim from the roofs of nearby

The fighting erupted one day

of the city centre, sparking hopes

for peace after a tense month of

But after ending their occupa-

tion of the city's television sta-

tion, the rebels merely regrouped

around the lake just outside the

Tensions meanwhile mounted

in Tbilisi, where 5,000 opposition

supporters massed on the main

thoroughfare Rustaveli Avenue,

The demonstrators were

headed for the government com-

pound, they added, separated by

loyalist troops from a pro-

Gamsakhurdia crowd of about

the same size. Many of these have

been brought into the capital by

bus from the provinces and have

been sleeping in tents. Mr. Gamsakhurdia, an ardent

Georgian nationalist, has steered

his mountainous southern repub-

lic on a path of independence

from Moscow since being elected

of trying to impose a dictatorship,

muzzling the press and bullying

But his opponents accuse him

by a landslide in May.

try to talk to the rebels.

confrontation.

journalists said.

Soviet republic.

months of fighting that has killed more than 1,000 people.

The Yugoslav army has step-ped up an offensive in the rebel republic this week to lift Croatian blockades of federal military bases on its territory and the navy has blockaded Croatian ports. Dozens of people have been reported killed and hundreds

have been wounded, but no offi-

Dubrovnik, the pride of

cial casualty toll has been re-

Yugoslavia's toruism industry, has been badly affected by the latest offensive. It has been surrounded, and water, communications and electricity have been cut

New Swedish government to cut taxes, aid to Cuba

STOCKHOLM (AP) - Carl the Liberals, Centre and Christ-Bildt, Sweden's first conservative prime minister in 60 years, presented his government Friday and promised to cut off aid to Cuba in favour of democracies, lower taxes and subsidise parents who don't want to use state day care.

Mr. Bildt also said Sweden would reduce aid to Vietnam, and end aid if there were no signs of democratic reforms.

"Development assistance policy will be reorganised, with greater emphasis on support for democracy and market economies," Mr. Bildt told parliament. Sweden budgeted 2 million kronor (\$328,000) in aid to Cuba this year, and in February had begun a three-year, 20 millionkronor (\$3.28 million) research and development programme

with the Communist country. The plan Mr. Bildt outlined for his minority coalition's three-year term would shift Swedish governmental policy sharply away from that followed by the Social Democrats for most of the past

Mr. Bildt, 42, announced a four-party minority government

ian Democrats. "It's the common intention of our parties to carry out a vigorous renewal of Sweden. ... We must not be a nation that slips behind

the rest of Europe," Mr. Bildt told parliament the day after it elected him. He replaced Ingvar Carlsson,

head of the Social Democratic Party which suffered defeat in the Sept. 15 parliamentary elections.

Bildt outlined four priorities for his government's three-year term: Getting Sweden into the European Community (EC) as soon as possible; ending econo-mic stagnation by increasing business competitiveness, lowering taxes and inflation; privatising some state welfare services to make them more cost-effective, and protecting the environment.

"Taxes on small business will be reduced. Wealth tax on working capital will be abolished this year. All wealth tax (on large bank accounts and personal luxuries) will be abolished in a few years time. Inheritance tax will be reduced. Turnover tax on share transactions will be abolished," onsisting of his Moderate Party, Mr. Bildt said.

Belgium decides to start withdrawal from Zaire

BRUSSELS (R) — The Belgian covernment decided Friday to start withdrawing its troops from Zaire, Belgian Radio reported. It said 150 of about 1,000 sol-

diers sent to evacuate Belgian nationals from its former colony would leave.

But Belgium will leave some of its forces in Zaire as a "deterrent force" and to help distribute food and humanitarian aid.

The troops were sent in last week to help evacuate up to 10,000 Belgians caught in the rioting which devastated Kinshasa and provincial towns.

the radio said the withdrawal and remaining humanitarian operation would be carried out in conjunction with French troops. In Paris, a Defence Ministry

France has also sent forces and

spokesman said French troops had completed evacuation of foreign nationals from the provinces and had returned to Kinshasa or their bases elsewhere in Africa.

The 500 soldiers remaining in Kinshasa were protecting the airport, the French embassy and some 1,000 remaining French ci-

Kaifu not to seek new term

TOKYO (R) — Japanese Prime Minister Toshiki Kaifu is to stand down at the end of October, close colleagues said Friday. The decision opens the way for a four-way race for his successor.

The premier has decided not to seek re-election in a party ballot on Oct. 27, Tokuo Yamashita, a senior member of the raling party faction to which Kaifu belongs. said on television.

The news was confirmed by another official close to Mr. Kaifu who asked not to be named. The premier would officially announce his decision Saturday. Mr. Kaifu, 60, has been prime

minister since August 1989. Before the premier's decision not to stand again, leaders of three factions of the ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) had said they would contest the lead-They are two former finance

ninisters, Kiichi Miyazawa and Michio Watanabe, and ex-Trade Minister Hiroshi Mitsuzuka.

After Mr. Kaifu's withdrawal, the largest faction headed by powerful ex-Premier Noboru lakeshita was now virtually certain to enter a candidate, making predictions difficult, LDP officials said.

Mr. Kaifu came to power two years ago at the height of a crisis for the LDP after the successive resignations of Takeshita and another scandal-tainted premier Sosuki Uno, and a stinging setback in elections for the upper house of parliament.

With other prominent candidates also compromised by the recruit shares-for-favours scandal, LDP barons were forced to turn to the little-known former education minister as a stopgap leader with a mr clean image.

They named him party president, a post that automatically made him premier because of the LDP's entrenched parliamentary Taking office, Mr. Kaifu

pledged reforms to a cash-driven electoral system that virtually invites corruption. He finally introduced a political reform package to parliament in August this year.

Faced with hostility opposition parties and a large proportion of the LDP, ruling party barons

decided Monday to withdraw the package from debate without telling the premier. Mr. Kaifu reacted angrily making a hasty and thinly veiled

threat to dissolve parliament and force an election. Senior party officials made it

clear they would not permit this. Mr. Kaifu, widely dismissed in political circles as inept and indecisive, has kept a high rating in opinion polls. A Kyodo survey released this

week showed his popularity at a near-record level of 56.7 per cent, with the LDP's rating at a record

64.8 per cent. For a long time Mr. Kaifu's public popularity was seen as his best ally in a re-election bid, plus

the fact that polls regularly showed no other LDP leader approached his rating.

Party barons, however. apparently had second thoughts about backing him after the warn-

ing he might call a general election, described by commentators as a "bollow threat". There was no indication of who

the Takeshita Faction might put up to contest the election.

1st birthday for united Germany brings strife for foreigners HAMBURG (AP) — The anti-

foreigner violence that overshadowed reunited Germany's first anniversary celebration that day before continued Friday. Speakers at the country's main

national celebration had drawn parallels with Nazi terror as they decried the rash of firebombings and stone-throwings by rightwing extremist thugs.

German President Richard von Weizsaecker visited three homes for asylum-seekers Friday. In central Germany, radicals

set fire to the home of a Turkish family in the town of Seesen early Friday, after shouting "out with foreigners," and "smash the Turks." Police said two adults and three children were suffering from smoke inhalation.

Authorities said about 15 assailants stormed into a shelter from Romanian refugees in the eastern German town of Gatersleben. The attackers nearly destroyed one room, but no injuries were reported.

Attackers also threw firebombs at a refugee shelter in the Bavarian town of Pielenhofen, but none of the Indians and Pakistanis inside was injured.

In Berlin, police said they arrested 59 military leftists who rampaged after marching in a pro-foreigner rally. Leftists also

before in Hamburg. On Thursday alone, German police reported 14 injuries nationwide in attacks in 16 towns The most serious left two

Lebanese girls, aged 6 and 8, in critical condition after a firebomb was thrown into a shelter for svium-seekers in Huexne, a suburb of Duesseldorf in western Four suspects were arrested

and face charges of attempted murder in the Huexne attack. police said. Witnesses said the attackers were "skinheads." youths favouring shaved hair, heavy boots and bomber jackets. Attacks against foreigners

started earlier this year in eastern Germany and were ascribed to young Neo-Nazis and radical rightists without jobs or solid orientation after the collapse of Communist rule. But in recent weeks the violence has aspread around western Germany as well.

Last weekend about 20 attacks were reported from Friday through Sunday, hitting asylumseekers, members of the country's large Turkish minority and black people in public places.

Alarm bells are ringing among political leaders.

"Faced with the experiences

under the Nazi dictatorship, we Germans know about the importance of asylum as a human right," Rita Suessmuh, president of the Bundestag, the lower house of parliament, said in a keynote speech for the main celebration of German unity day in Ham-burg's Old Stock Exchange build-

Chancellor Helmut Kohl led the audience of 1,300 prominent figures in applause as Ms. Suessmuth said united Germany must defend foreign residents.

Mr. Kohl said later in a televised speech: "We owe respect and tolerance to our foreign fellow residents. Germany is a land friendly to foreigners, and will

Meanwhile some 400 representatives of Germany's extreme right met in a small black forest village to found a new political party Thursday.

"We want to be German in thought, dealings and feelings," said Franz Glasaner, leader of the new German People's Homeland League (DLVH).

He said the party, comprising former members of the Neo-Nazi NPD and the ultra-nationalist Republican Party, was modelled on the National Front of French rightist leader Jean-Marie Le

Thatcher to become a countess.

WARSAW (R) — Former Brit-ish Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher declined to be drawn on reports in British newspapers that she is to join the aristocracy as hereditary countess. "I thoughteveryone in Britain knew that you can't be a countess in the House of Commons (Lower House of Parliament)," she told a news conference. "As I'm still a member of the House of Commons, the question of the Lords does not yet arise," Mrs. Thatcher said in response to questions on the last day of her visit to Poland. The House of Lords is the unelected upper chamber of the British parliament. Mrs. Thatcher, ousted by John major in a conservative Party leadership struggle last November, has said she does not intend to stand again for election to the House of Commons. Thatcher is expected to assume the title Countess of Finchley, the parliamentary constituency she has represented for 32 years, after the next general election, which is due by the middle of next year. The Times said Mrs. Thatcher had decided to accept the hereditary title rather than a life peerage. In either case she would be entitled to sit in the House of Lords. Major was said to have no objection to the ennoblement, which must be approved by Queen Elizabeth.

Moscow authorities to clamp down on illegal parking

MOSCOW (R) — Moscow city authorities adopted another practice from the West Tuesday by announcing that illegally-parked cars risked being towed away or having their wheels clamped. The authorities had previously been relatively lenient towards wayward parkers. In future, they will charge drivers for the privilege of towing their cars to one of two special car parks being opened to store the offending vehicles, Moscow Radio said. It added: "The minimum fine, if it is not necessary to tow the car far, is 300

World's tallest man is 'too weak' to stand'

LONDON (R) — A Bangladeshi man, soon to be recorded as the tallest person in the world, is too weak to stand, a British doctor Barman, 27, of Dhaka, who is said to be 8 foot 6 inches (2.6 metres) tall, arrived in London 10 days ago and is being treated in hospital. He suffers from a tumour on the pituitary gland at the base of the brain which secretes various hormones including the one controlling growth. In his case the gland was producing excessive amounts of growth hormone, said John Wass, a consuitant endochrinologist at St. Bartholomew's Hospital. "Mr. Barman is in very poor physical condition. He is malnourished and he cannot support his own weight," Dr. Wass said, He said Mr. Barman would be treated with drugs to control the bormone excess, with the possibility of surgery later. "It is a slow process and Mr. Barman is likely to be here for some weeks or months," Dr. Wass added. The Guinness Book of Records says Mr. Barman will be listed as the tallest living man in next year's edition, replacing 7-foot 8-inch (2.34-metre) Pakistani Haji Mohammad Alam Channa, 38. The tallest person in history was American Robert Wadlow (1918-40) who was 8 foot 11 inches (2.72

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Bear ventures into downtown Anchorage: is killed

ANCHORAGE, Alaska (AP) — A 400-pound (180-kg) brown bear that ventured downtown was killed when authorities decided there were too many people around to risk herding the animal out of town. "It's pretty rare for them to get right into downtown. They get into a place and they just make a wrong turn. That's what this guy did," said Bruce Bartley, spokesman for the Alaska Department of Fish and Game. The bear, a 3-year-old male, wandered around an elementarry and a junior highschool Tuesday before ending up at a nearby park. Police and state wildlife officers stood guard outside the schools. Bartley said wildlife officers would have preferred to herd the animal out of town, as they did when a bear ventured downtown three years age. But about 200 onlookers cut off any escape, convincing authorities they had to kill it, he

S. African author hopes prize will focus attention on apartheid NEW YORK (AP) — Nadine technique that produced three and is preparing for talks on Gordimer hopes her Nobel Prize masterpieces: The Conservationist of 1974, Burger's Daughter of

which called it a "pad from which

to launch a blistering and full-

scale political attack on the Re-

But she refused to leave her

homeland, once telling an inter-

viewer that "to go into exile is to

novels and more than 200 short

Ms. Gordiner said she would

never accept literary honours

stories, are legal in South Africa

lose your place in the world."

public of South Africa."

in Literature will stir renewed support around the world for racial equality in ber native South

"I have two roles in my life -one as a writer and another one, my commitment to the cause of freedom in South Africa and creating a new post-apartheid cul-ture in South Africa," she told reporters Thursday, shortly after learning that she had won the

prize.

Ms. Gordimer, 67, who is white, has written 10 novels and more than 200 short stories. She was the first woman in 25 years to win the prize.

A member of the African National Congress, the overwhelmingly black nationalist movement, she has often been at odds with the white-led South African government. Three of her novels once were banned in South Afri-

blacks and whites relate to each other under apartheid.

Her books address the suffering caused by racism and the way

The academy said Ms. Gordimer, in works since the 1970s, had developed a complex novelistic

MOSCOW (R) - The Soviet

republics can form separate

armies and air forces without

threatening the United States, as

long as nuclear weapons remain

centrally controlled, the U.S. Air

Force chief of staff said Friday.

has been meeting with Soviet Defence officials this week, also

said the Soviet military is con-

cerned about the pace of change

since the failed hardline coup.

"They wish that things would settle down a little bit," Gen.

McPeak told a news conference.

military instability, he said:

Asked about the potential for

"I think there is a danger, there

always is. Events are moving at

kaleidoscopic speed. The senior

military people I've met seem

relatively cool-headed about it ...

but events sometimes have a way

Senior military leaders, includ-

ing then-Defence Minister Dmitri

Yazov, were among the ringlead-

ers of the August coup against Soviet President Mikhail Gor-

of getting out of control."

Gen. William A. McPeak, who

Africa.

from South rican authorities "as long as we have a purely white government." But she said she expected to be congratulated by South African President F.W. de Klerk — and she was. In a statement issued Thursday night, Mr. De Klerk said: "It

sharing political power with the voteless black majority. The African National Con-1979, and July's People of 1981. Burger's Daughter was temporarily banned by the government,

gress, South Africa's chief antiapartheid movement of which Ms. Gordimer is a member, also hailed the award. "In honouring Nadine, one of

South Africa's outstanding writers, the people of the world pay tribute to all South Africans who stand for truth, human dignity and freedom," the ANC said. All her works, which include 10 South Africa's Anglican Archbishop Desmond Tutu, who

won the Nobel Peace Prize in 1984, said he had telephoned Ms. Gordiner to congratulate her. "She has had this tremendous commitment and caring about people, caring about justice, and here is the world recognised it and giving her the highest acco-lade that you can get," he said.

Ms. Gordiner was in the United States for a week on a promotional lecture tour for her new book. Jump. She was staying with her son, Hugo, a filmmaker in New York, when she was awakened by a phone call bringing the news that she had won the

gives me great pleasure to con-gratulate Nadine Gordiner on this exceptional achievement

which is also an honour for South Mr. De Klerk's government

has dismantled apartheid laws prize. **U.S. Air Force chief: Soviet** republic armies are no threat

of Staff Yevgeny Shaposhnikov. was named the new defence minister and quickly endorsed sweeping troop reductions, the

force. Gen. McPeak believes there would be no cause for alarm if the increasing sovereignty of the 12 remaining Soviet republics leads to separate armies and air forces.

"We have army and air Nation-

al Guard units in the states." he said. "We feel they are no threat. So there's no reason that the republics of the former Soviet Union shouldn't each have some sort of security force." Russia and at least nine other republics have already started

reserve force in the event of war. He has repeatedly said nuclear weapons will remain under central control.

forming their own national

guards, and Marshal Shaposh-

nikov has said he will tolerate

them and possibly use them as a

One of them, Air Force Chief eration Vice President Alexander Rutskoi met with a NATO delegation Thursday and proposed a "united armies of NATO" that would include the Soviet Union. removal of Communist Party cells once was the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation's reason for from the army and a transition to

existing.
Mr. Rutskoi proposed Soviet a better paid, mostly volunteer membership or a disbanding of the organisation wrought by the cold war, accordiong to the Russian government's information agency. He said an expanded NATO could create a super

> Gen. McPeak said Soviet generals were "delighted" with President George Bush's announcement last week that the United States would unilaterally eliminate its ground-launched, short-range nuclear missiles; withdraw all tactical nuclear arms from U.S. ships; take strategic bombers off alert; and cancel the

mobile MX missile system. On Thursday, Gen. McPeak spoke to Soviet Air Force officers enrolled in Moscow's advance training Gagarin Military Academy about how the United States fought the Gulf war.

bachev, but other officers refused In one sign of the republics' new assertiveness, Russian Fedto obey the eight-man coup com-Manila files forfeiture case

against Marcos for Swiss accounts MANILA (R) — The Philippine government demanded Friday that Imelda Marcos return \$356 million deposited in Swiss banks, accusing her of unparalleled greed and sickening extravagance dur-

ing her late husband's rule. Government lawyers said the money stashed in five Swiss banks by the former first lady and the late President Ferdinand Marcos "is but a small fraction of the Marcoses' ill-gotten wealth... and must be forfeited in favour of the state."

"The greed was simply unpara-

lieled, the plunder unmitigated,

the pattern unbelievably re-

morseless," Solicitor General

Francisco Chavez said in a com-

plaint filed with the government

Mr. Chavez also said treasury notes worth \$30 million "pertaining to the investments of Bank Hofmann, Zurich and SBC, Geneva, respectively" were also ill-gotten Marcos assets and should be turned over to Manila.

Imelda Marcos, who has lived in exile in the United States since 1986, said in a statement from Honolulu released by her associates in Manila Friday she planned to return to her country early next month to face all charges against her.

"I have to clear my family's

On return she faces trial before

a Manila court on seven counts of

tax fraud for allegedly failing to

name," she said.

pay taxes totalling over 5.7 billion. pesos (\$205 million).

Mr. Chavez said the Marcoses' income from the time the late dictator became president in 1965 until 1984 was only \$950,000. "Too small to meet requirements of their lavish and scandalous

He accused Imelda Marcos of "sickening extravagance and criminal squandering of the people's

Mr. Chavez cited "the notorious and frequent travels and shopping sprees of Imelda, the generous giving of gifts to media men and highly-placed world fi-gures and their ladies whom she

the republic's minority peoples. Partiamentary speaker Akaki Asatiani, a Gamsakhurdia ally, said he was going to the lake to Rebel commander Tengiz

Kitovani — who says he has 7.000 men under his control - has said the rebels' pull-out from the city centre was a change of tactics in the fight for government conces-

The opposition wants freedom of the press, access to television time, and release of political prisoners. An earlier demand for Mr. Gamsakhurdia's resignation has been shelved. The crisis in Georgia is current-

ly the most acute in any of the 12

remaining Soviet Republics, which President Mikhail Gorbachev hopes to knit into a union of sovereign states. The rebels seized the Tbilisi Television Centre two weeks ago at the height of a campaign to

force Mr. Gamsakhurdia from

In a separate development. Alexander Yakovlev, a senior adviser to President Gorbachev. warned Thursday that economic hardships might produce a repeti-tion of August's hardline coup. "Much depends on the empty

pots that can lead to a new